

IGF-2、AFP、ALP、r-GT在原发性肝癌模型小鼠血清中的表达水平

《现代肿瘤医学》[ISSN:1672-4992/CN:61-1415/R] 期数: 2019年18期 页码: 3210-3214 栏目: 论著(基础研究) 出版日期: 2019-08-08

Title: Expression level of IGF-2,alpha fetoprotein,alkaline phosphatase and r-GT in serum of primary liver cancer model mice

作者: 黄学胜; 李继泉; 罗俊峰; 卢涛
解放军第91中心医院普外科,河南 焦作 454003

Author(s): Huang Xuesheng; Li Jiquan; Luo Junfeng; Lu Tao
Department of General Surgery, The 91st Central Hospital of PLA, Henan Jiaozuo 454003, China.

关键词: 胰岛素样生长因子-2; 甲胎蛋白; 碱性磷酸酶; 原发性肝癌

Keywords: insulin-like growth factor-2; alpha fetoprotein; alkaline phosphatase; primary liver cancer

分类号: R735.7

DOI: 10.3969/j.issn.1672-4992.2019.18.010

文献标识码: A

摘要: 目的:研究胰岛素样生长因子-2 (insulin like growth factor, IGF-2)、甲胎蛋白 (alpha fetoprotein, AFP)、碱性磷酸酶 (alkaline phosphatase, ALP)、r-谷氨酰转肽酶 (r-glutamyl transferase, r-GT) 在原发性肝癌模型小鼠血清中的表达水平。方法:选择SD健康雄性小鼠35只,按照随机数字法分为正常组和原发性肝癌组两组,分别有10只和25只小鼠。正常组小鼠不做任何处理,原发性肝癌组小鼠制成原发性肝癌模型,造模成功的共22只小鼠。免疫透射比浊法检测IGF-2、电化学发光免疫分析检测AFP的血清水平、双抗体夹心法检测ALP、r-GT水平表达、荧光定量RT-PCR技术检测IGF-2 mRNA、AFP mRNA、ALP mRNA、r-GT mRNA表达水平。结果:正常组小鼠肝组织细胞大小均匀,形态一致;原发性肝癌组小鼠肝组织细胞大小不等,细胞核形态多样,多有核分裂现象。原发性肝癌组小鼠的血清中IGF-2和IGF-2 mRNA水平均显著高于正常组的健康小鼠 ($P < 0.05$);原发性肝癌组小鼠的血清中AFP和AFP mRNA水平均显著高于正常组的健康小鼠 ($P < 0.05$);原发性肝癌组小鼠的血清中ALP和ALP mRNA水平均显著高于正常组的健康小鼠 ($P < 0.05$);原发性肝癌组小鼠的血清中r-GT和r-GT mRNA水平均显著高于正常组的健康小鼠 ($P < 0.05$)。结论:原发性肝癌模型小鼠血清中IGF-2、AFP、ALP、r-GT水平都呈高水平表达,检测其血清中的水平对原发性肝癌的诊断有重要价值。

Abstract: Objective: To study the expression level of insulin-like growth factor-2 (IGF-2), alpha fetoprotein (AFP), alkaline phosphatase (ALP), r-glutamyl transpeptidase (r-GT) in the serum of primary liver cancer model mice. Methods: 35 healthy male SD mice were randomly divided into two groups: normal group and primary liver cancer group. There were 10 mice and 25 mice. Mice in the normal group did not receive any treatment, and the mice in the primary liver cancer group were made primary liver cancer models, and 22 mice were successfully established. Immunoturbidimetry was used to detect the serum level of IGF-2. Electrochemiluminescence immunoassay (ECL) was used to detect serum level of AFP, double antibody sandwich method to detect the level of ALP, r-GT, and fluorescence quantitative RT-PCR to detect IGF-2 mRNA, AFP mRNA, ALP mRNA, and r-GT expression level. Results: In the normal group, the size of the liver tissue is uniform and the shape of the liver is the same. The liver tissue of the primary liver cancer group is different in size, and the cell nucleus is diverse, and most of them have the phenomenon of nuclear division. The serum levels of IGF-2 and IGF-2 mRNA in the serum of the primary liver cancer mice were significantly higher than those in the normal group ($P < 0.05$). The levels of AFP and AFP mRNA in the serum of the primary liver cancer mice were significantly higher than those in the normal mice ($P < 0.05$). The serum ALP and ALP mRNA in the serum of the primary liver cancer mice were significantly higher than those in the normal group ($P < 0.05$). The serum levels of r-GT and r-GT mRNA in the serum of the primary liver cancer mice were significantly higher than those in the normal group ($P < 0.05$). Conclusion: The serum levels of IGF-2, AFP, ALP and r-GT in the serum of primary liver cancer mice were highly expressed. The detection of serum levels was of great value for the diagnosis of primary liver cancer.

参考文献/REFERENCES

- [1] CHEN Dandan, LIU Yuan, JI Xuhui, et al. A case-control study on the risk factors of primary liver cancer [J]. Journal of Zhengzhou University (Medical Edition), 2013, 48(2): 249-253. [陈丹丹, 刘媛, 姬旭慧, 等. 原发性肝癌发病影响因素的病例对照研究 [J]. 郑州大学学报(医学版), 2013, 48(2): 249-253.]
- [2] SHI Chunchao, XUE Feng, SUN Yefu, et al. Risk factors of hepatitis B cirrhosis complicated with primary hepatocellular carcinoma [J]. Journal of Applied Cancer, 2013, 28(4): 399-401. [施纯朝, 薛峰, 孙延富, 等. 乙型肝炎肝硬化并发原发性肝癌的危险因素 [J]. 实用癌症杂志, 2013, 28(4): 399-401.]
- [3] DONG Hui, CONG Wenming. To improve the level of standardized pathological diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma and to protect the clinical fine treatment with < guidelines for standardized pathological diagnosis of Primary liver Cancer (2015) > interpretation [J]. Chinese Journal of General Surgery, 2016, 25(7): 939-943. [董辉, 丛文铭. 提高肝癌规范化病理诊断水平, 为临床精细化治疗保驾护航-《原发性肝癌规范化病理诊断指南(2015年版)》解读 [J]. 中国普通外科杂志, 2016, 25(7): 939-943.]
- [4] XIAO Lei, MAO Rui, YANG Ying, et al. Study on the diagnostic value of Golgi body glycoprotein 73, α -L-fucosidase and alpha-fetoprotein in the diagnosis of primary liver cancer [J]. Chinese General Medicine, 2013, 16(14): 1581-1583. [肖蕾, 毛睿, 杨颖, 等. 高尔基体糖蛋白73、 α -L-岩藻糖苷酶、甲胎蛋白单项检测与联合检测对原发性肝癌的诊断价值研究 [J]. 中国全科医学, 2013, 16(14): 1581-1583.]
- [5] ZHU Pui, YIN Chao, FENG Jianlong, et al. Progress in comprehensive treatment of primary liver cancer [J]. Journal of Clinical Hepatobiliary Diseases, 2015, 31(6): 965-968. [祝普利, 尹超, 冯建龙, 等. 原发性肝癌综合治疗进展 [J]. 临床肝胆病杂志, 2015, 31(6): 965-968.]
- [6] McGlynn KA, Hagberg K, Chen J, et al. Statin use and risk of primary liver cancer in the Clinical Practice Research Datalink [J]. J Natl Cancer Inst, 2015, 107(4): djv009.
- [7] WANG Li, JIA Zhiling, LIU Chang. Serum tumor markers were detected in the diagnosis of primary liver cancer [J]. Chinese Journal of Practical Diagnosis and Treatment, 2013, 27(8): 759-761. [王莉, 贾志凌, 刘畅, 等. 3种血清肿瘤标志物检测在原发性肝癌诊断中价值 [J]. 中华实用诊断与治疗杂志, 2013, 27(8): 759-761.]
- [8] WANG Wenfei, LIU Wenqing, SONG Zuyao, et al. Expression and significance of insulin-like growth factor-2 in glioma tissue and serum [J]. Chinese Journal of Microinvasive Neurosurgery, 2015, 20(5): 227-230. [王文斐, 刘文庆, 宋祖耀, 等. 胶质瘤组织及血清中胰岛素样生长因子-2的表达和意义 [J]. 中国微侵袭神经外科杂志, 2015, 20(5): 227-230.]
- [9] YE Jiakai, HUANG Laiji, ZHANG Xiuping, et al. Effect of arsenic trioxide on serum levels of IGF-II and IGFBP-2 in patients with advanced primary liver cancer undergoing radiotherapy [J]. Modern Oncology, 2014, 22(7): 1633-1635. [叶家才, 黄赖机, 张秀萍, 等. 亚砷酸对晚期原发性肝癌放疗患者血清中IGF-II和IGFBP-2水平影响的研究 [J]. 现代肿瘤医学, 2014, 22(7): 1633-1635.]
- [10] DAI Weifeng. The value of serum insulin-like growth factor-2, alpha-fetoprotein, γ -glutamyl transpeptidase isoenzyme II and prothrombin in the diagnosis of hepatocellular carcinoma [J]. Chinese Journal of Modern Medicine, 2015, 25(15): 34-38. [戴卫锋. 血清胰岛素样生长因子-2、甲胎蛋白、 γ -谷氨酰转肽酶同工酶II及异常凝血酶原联合检测在肝癌诊断中的价值 [J]. 中国现代医学杂志, 2015, 25(15): 34-38.]
- [11] ZHANG Ping, LI Chuntian, MA Ming, et al. Clinical study of recombinant human vascular endotheliostatin combined with embolism chemotherapy in the treatment of advanced primary liver cancer [J]. The Journal of Difficult and Complicated Diseases, 2015, 14(9): 939-943. [张平, 李春田, 马明, 等. 重组人血管内皮抑素联合栓塞化疗治疗中晚期原发性肝癌的临床研究 [J]. 疑难病杂志, 2015, 14(9): 939-943.]
- [12] QIN Jibao, BO Weibo. The diagnostic value of serum AFP, TK1, DKK1 in patients with primary liver cancer [J]. Journal of Clinical Testing, 2014, 32(7): 545-547. [秦继宝, 薄维波. 血清AFP、TK1、DKK1联合检测对原发性肝癌的诊断价值 [J]. 临床检验杂志, 2014, 32(7): 545-547.]
- [13] WU Yun, ZHAO Huiling, LIU Xinyan, et al. Effect of pricking collaterals and purging blood on serum AFP, SF in rats with primary liver cancer [J]. Chinese Medicine in the World, 2016, 11(6): 1056-1059. [吴云, 赵慧玲, 刘新燕, 等. 刺络泻血对原发性肝癌大鼠血清AFP、SF的影响 [J]. 世界中医药, 2016, 11(6): 1056-1059.]
- [14] Wong RJ, Ahmed A, Gish RG. Elevated alpha-fetoprotein: differential diagnosis- hepatocellular carcinoma and other disorders [J]. Clin Liver Dis, 2015, 19(2): 309-323.
- [15] SONG Sengtao, ZHU Feng, SUN Yan, et al. The value of combined detection of serum AFP, AFU and ALP in the diagnosis of primary liver cancer [J]. International Journal of Digestive Diseases, 2017, 37(3): 177-179. [宋森涛, 朱峰, 孙燕, 等. 联合检测血清AFP、AFU和ALP对原发性肝癌诊断的价值 [J]. 国际消化病杂志, 2017, 37(3): 177-179.]
- [16] CHENG Baogeng, ZHOU Liling, SHEN Rulong. Localization of alkaline phosphatase and 5'-nucleotidase in rat hepatoma cells induced by diethylnitrosamine [J]. Jiangsu Medicine, 1990(10): 549-550, 579. [程宝庚, 周丽玲, 沈儒龙. 碱性磷酸酶和5'-核苷酸酶在二乙基亚硝胺诱发大鼠肝癌细胞中的定位研究 [J]. 江苏医药, 1990(10): 549-550, 579.]
- [17] YANG Dehao, ZHONG Shiying. Analysis of the difference and clinical significance of serum enzymes in patients with hepatitis and liver cirrhosis [J]. Jiangsu Medicine, 2017, 52(10): 1025-1026. [杨德豪, 钟石英. 肝炎和肝硬化患者肝功血清酶差异及临床意义分析 [J]. 江西医药, 2017, 52(10): 1025-1026.]
- [18] ZHAO Yue, WANG Tianjiao, WU Jin. Evaluation of prognosis of malignant tumor by γ -glutamyl transpeptidase [J]. Modern Oncology, 2018, 26(18): 2976-2979. [赵玥, 王天娇, 吴瑾. γ -谷氨酰转肽酶对恶性肿瘤预后评价 [J]. 现代肿瘤医学, 2018, 26(18): 2976-2979.]
- [19] HUANG Qifeng, ZHAO Yinsheng, SHAO Xuanxuan, et al. Relationship between serum γ -glutamyl transpeptidase and prognosis of patients with hepatitis B associated hepatocellular carcinoma [J]. Anhui

Medicine,2018,22(05):878-881. [黄其峰,赵寅生,邵璇璇,等.血清γ-谷氨酰转肽酶与乙型肝炎相关肝细胞癌患者预后的关系 [J] .安徽医药,2018,22(05):878-881.]

备注/Memo: -

更新日期/Last Update: 1900-01-01