

# SU11274对人子宫内膜癌细胞抑制作用的研究

《现代肿瘤医学》[ISSN:1672-4992/CN:61-1415/R] 期数: 2019年14期 页码: 2441-2445 栏目: 论著(基础研究) 出版日期: 2019-06-08

**Title:** The study of SU11274 inhibitory effect on human endometrial carcinoma cells

**作者:** 雷磊; 梁静; 刘鹏; 张竣; 周敏; 胡晓君; 周明; 孟玲婷; 李青  
陕西省肿瘤医院, 陕西西安710061

**Author(s):** Lei Lei; Liang Jing; Liu Peng; Zhang Jun; Zhou Min; Hu Xiaojun; Zhou Ming; Meng Lingting; Li Qing  
Shaanxi Province Tumor Hospital, Shaanxi Xi'an 710061, China.

**关键词:** SU11274; 抑制作用; 人子宫内膜癌细胞

**Keywords:** SU11274; inhibitory effect; human endometrial carcinoma cells

**分类号:** R737.33

**DOI:** 10.3969/j.issn.1672-4992.2019.14.004

**文献标识码:** A

**摘要:** 目的: 研究SU11274对子宫内膜癌细胞增殖及凋亡的影响。方法: 使用不同浓度SU11274 (0.5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ 、1.0  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ 、1.5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ 、2.0  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) 作用Ishikawa 和HEC-1B 两种细胞株1小时后, 加入40 ng/ml的HGF, 继续培养12、24、48小时, 随后使用MTT法检测SU11274对子宫内膜癌细胞增殖的影响, 并使用Annexin V-FITC法检测SU11274对细胞凋亡的影响。结果: SU11274均能抑制两种细胞的增殖, 呈浓度依赖性, 对HEC-1B细胞的增殖抑制作用明显高于Ishikawa细胞, 差异具有统计学意义 ( $P < 0.05$ )。SU11274可以使HEC-1B细胞株早期及中晚期凋亡细胞的百分比均增加, 且具有剂量依赖效应关系, 并不会增加Ishikawa细胞株的凋亡率 ( $P > 0.05$ )。结论: SU11274是一种十分高效的抑制子宫内膜癌细胞生长的生物活性物质, 主要通过诱导细胞的早期及中晚期凋亡来发挥抗肿瘤作用。并且对ER(-)的HEC-1B细胞株具有特异性的抑制作用。

**Abstract:** Objective: To study the effect of SU11274 on proliferation and apoptosis of two types of endometrial cancer cells. Methods: Two different cell lines (Ishikawa and HEC-1B) were treated with different concentrations of SU11274 (0.5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ , 1.0  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ , 1.5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ , 2.0  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ ) for 1 hour, and 40 ng/ml of HGF was added to continue. After 12, 24, and 48 hours of culture, the effect of SU11274 on the proliferation of endometrial cancer cells was examined using MTT assay, and the effect on apoptosis was detected using Annexin V-FITC. Results: SU11274 could inhibit the proliferation of both cells in a concentration-dependent manner, and the inhibitory effect on the proliferation of HEC-1B cells was significantly higher than that of Ishikawa cells ( $P < 0.05$ ). SU11274 could increase the percentage of early and late apoptotic cells in HEC-1B cell line, and showed a dose-dependent effect, but it did not increase the apoptosis rate of Ishikawa cell line ( $P > 0.05$ ). Conclusion: SU11274 is a highly effective bioactive substance that inhibits the growth of endometrial cancer cells. It mainly exerts anti-tumor effects by inducing early and late-stage apoptosis of cells, and specifically inhibits ER-negative HEC-1B cell lines.

## 参考文献/REFERENCES

- [1] Bray F, Ferlay J, Soerjomataram I, et al. Global cancer statistics 2018: GLOBOCAN estimates of incidence and mortality worldwide for 36 cancers in 185 countries [J]. CA: A Cancer Journal for Clinicians, 2018, 68(6): 394-424.
- [2] Cronin KA, Lake AJ, Scott S, et al. Annual report to the nation on the status of cancer, part I: National cancer statistics [J]. Cancer, 2018, 124(13): 2785-2800.
- [3] Wei F, Wu Y, Tang L, et al. Trend analysis of cancer incidence and mortality in China [J]. Science China Life Sciences, 2017, 60(11): 1271-1275.
- [4] Li M, Xin X, Wu T, et al. Stromal cells of endometrial carcinoma promotes proliferation of epithelial cells through the HGF/c-Met/Akt signaling pathway [J]. Tumor Biology, 2015, 36(8): 6239-6248.
- [5] Noriega-Guerra H, Freitas V. Extracellular matrix influencing HGF/c-MET signaling pathway: Impact on cancer progression [J]. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2018, 19(11): 3300.

- [6] Wiest EJ,Smith HJ,Hollingsworth MA.Met receptor inhibitor SU11274 localizes in the endoplasmic reticulum [J] .Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications,2018,501(4):858-862.
- [7] Yasui H,Ohnishi Y,Kakudo K,et al.HGF/cMet induces cell migration of oral squamous cell carcinoma via lamellipodin [J] .Journal of Osaka Dental University,2017,51(1):1-8.
- [8] Huang K,Liu D.Suppression of c-Met overcomes erlotinib resistance in tongue cancer cells [J] .Oncotargets and Therapy,2018,11:5499.
- [9] i scan E,Günes A,Korhan P,et al.The regulatory role of heparin on c-Met signaling in hepatocellular carcinoma cells [J] .Journal of Cell Communication and Signaling,2017,11(2):155-166.
- [10] Felix AS,Blair CK,Lehman A,et al.Cardiovascular disease mortality among women with endometrial cancer in the Iowa Women's Health Study [J] .Cancer Causes & Control,2017,28(10):1043-1051.
- [11] Fortner RT,Hüsing A,Kühn T,et al.Endometrial cancer risk prediction including serum-based biomarkers:Results from the EPIC cohort [J] .International Journal of Cancer,2017,140(6):1317-1323.
- [12] Felix AS,Bower JK,Pfeiffer RM,et al.High cardiovascular disease mortality after endometrial cancer diagnosis:Results from the surveillance,epidemiology,and end results (SEER) database [J] .International Journal of Cancer,2017,140(3):555-564.
- [13] Ota T,Hori M,Onishi H,et al.Preoperative staging of endometrial cancer using reduced field-of-view diffusion-weighted imaging:A preliminary study [J] .European Radiology,2017,27(12):5225-5235.
- [14] Torre LA,Trabert B,Desantis CE,et al.Ovarian cancer statistics,2018 [J] .CA:A Cancer Journal for Clinicians,2018,68(suppl 10).doi:10.3322/caac.21456.
- [15] Bradley CA,Salto-tellez M,Laurent-puig P,et al.Targeting c-MET in gastrointestinal tumours:Rationale,opportunities and challenges [J] .Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology,2017,14(9):562.
- [16] Yang C,Li Z,Li Y,et al.Long non-coding RNA NEAT1 overexpression is associated with poor prognosis in cancer patients:A systematic review and meta-analysis [J] .Oncotarget,2017,8(2):2672.

---

**备注/Memo:** 2017年陕西省科技厅社发项目 (编号: 2017SF-241)

---

更新日期/Last Update: 1900-01-01