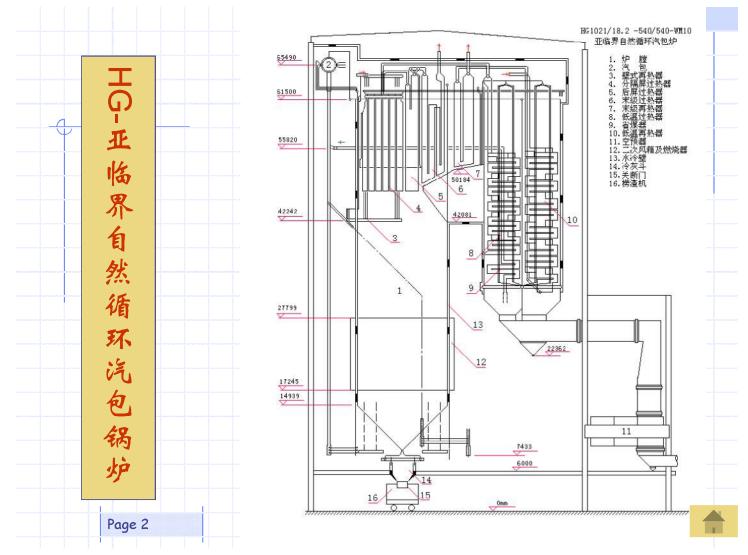
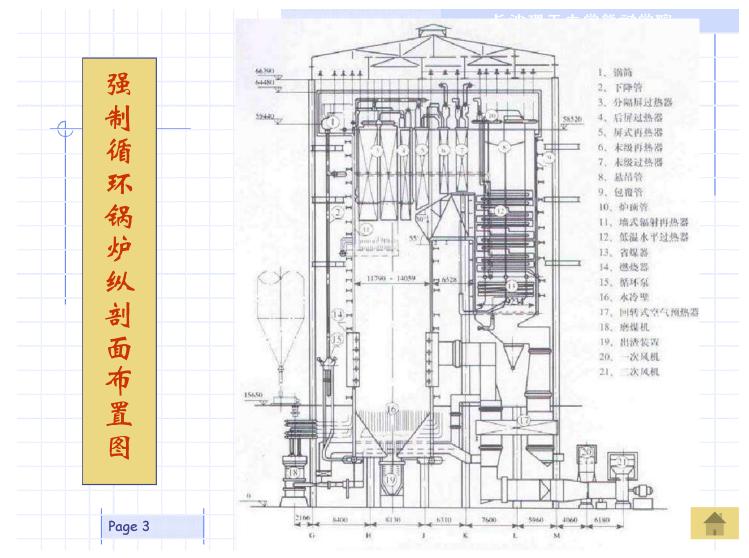


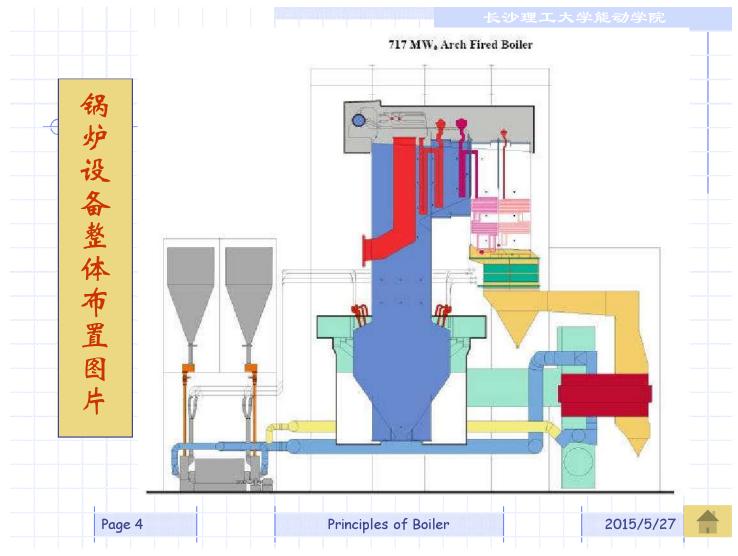
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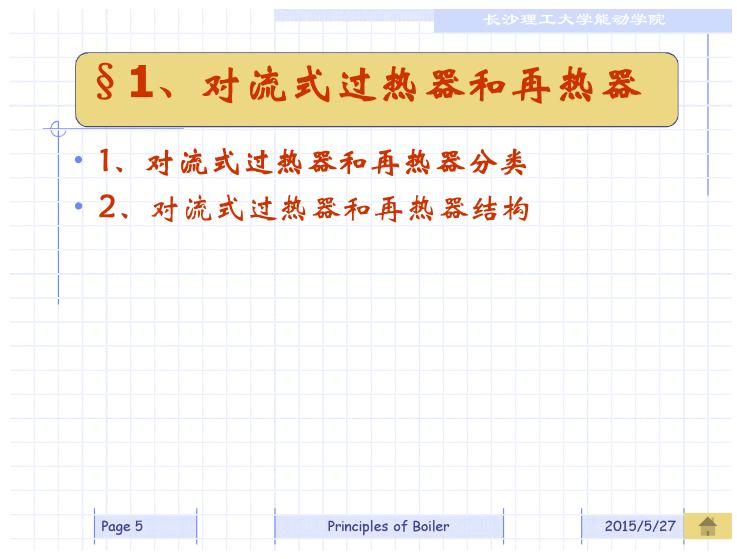
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长沙理工大学能动学院
对流式过热器和再热器结构
● 由 <mark>蛇形管及进、出口联箱组成,可分为立式、卧式布置;顺流、逆流和</mark> 混合流连接;顺列、错列排列
● 大容量锅炉对流受热面的主要特点
▶ 连接管和蛇形管采用 Φ 60, Φ 63等较大的管径,以增强管子刚性,降低 受热面阻力,多管圈。
▶ 蛇形管均采用不同管径、不同壁厚的异种钢焊接管,以适应不同热负荷 区域的需要。
> 蛇形管多采用顺列排列,管束的外表积灰很容易被吹灰器清除,可有效
▶防止受热面污染。
> 管内工质应保持一定的质量流速,以保证金属管壁得到充分的冷却
1/3 Page 7 Principles of Boiler 2015/5/27

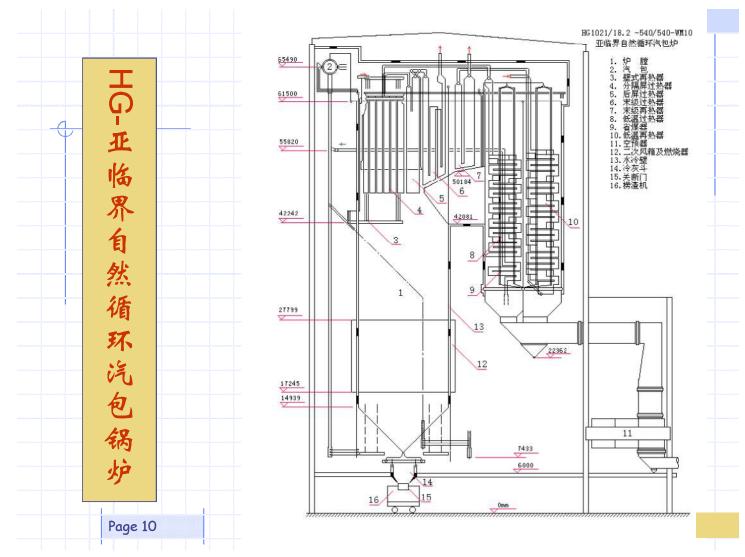
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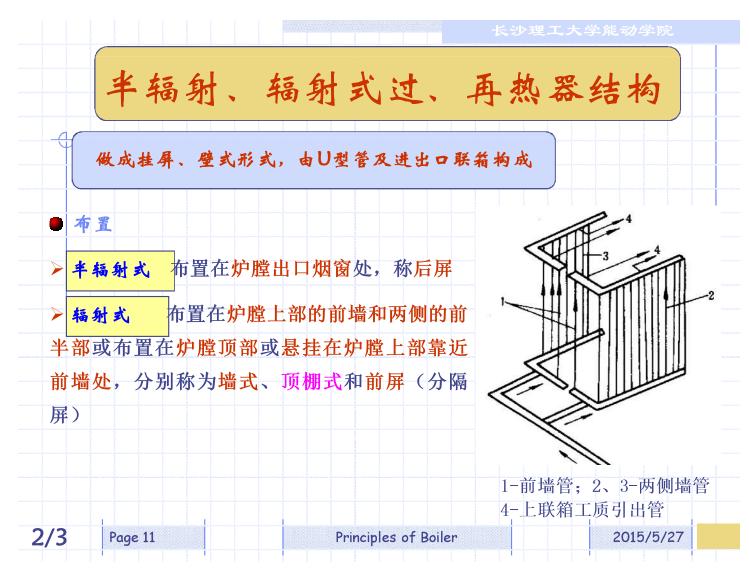
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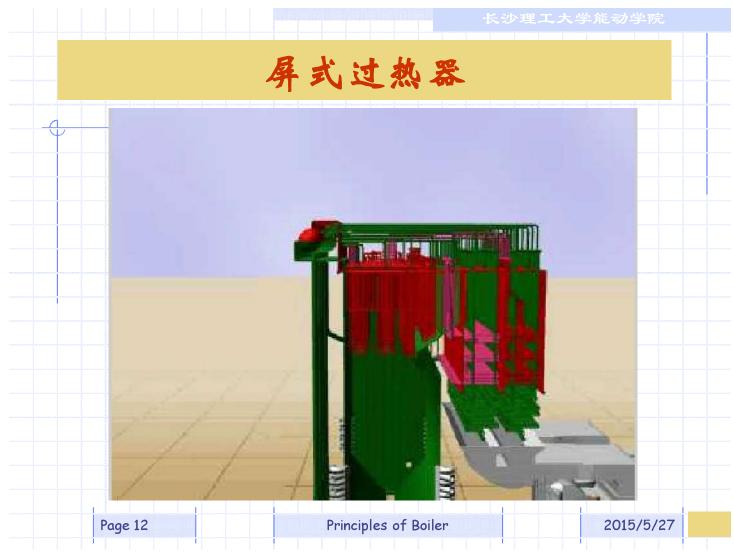
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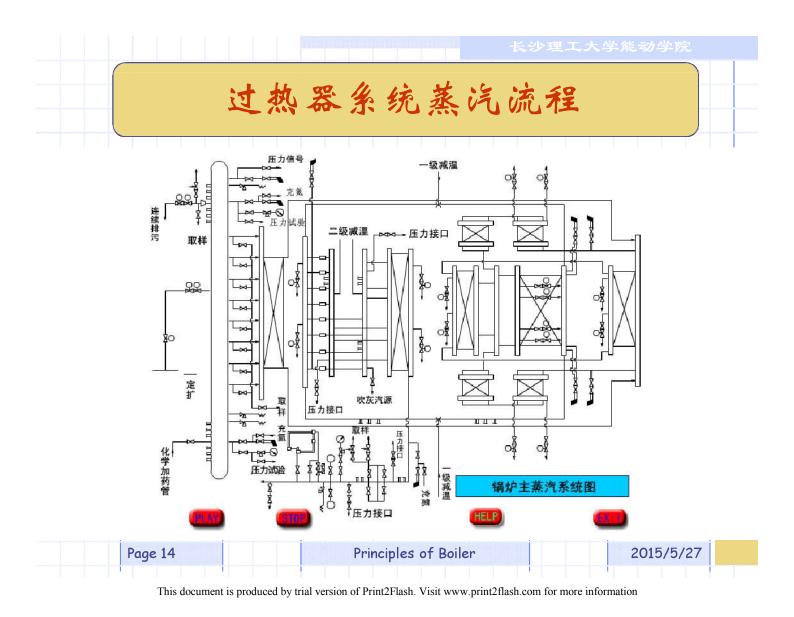
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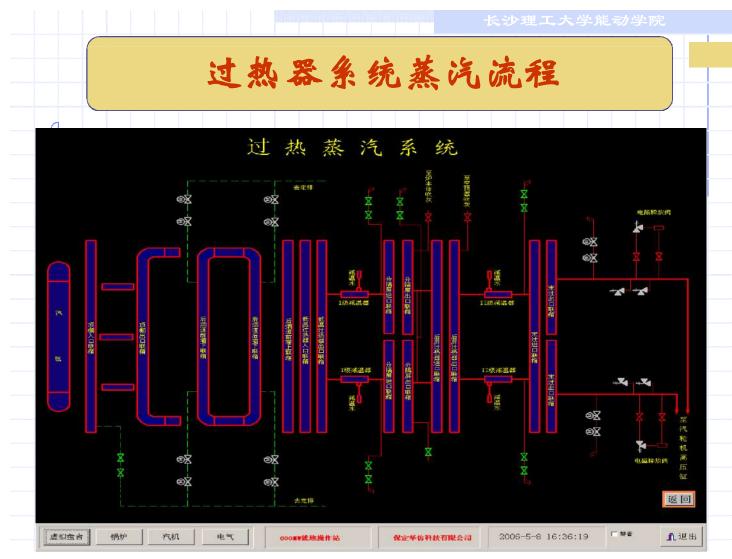


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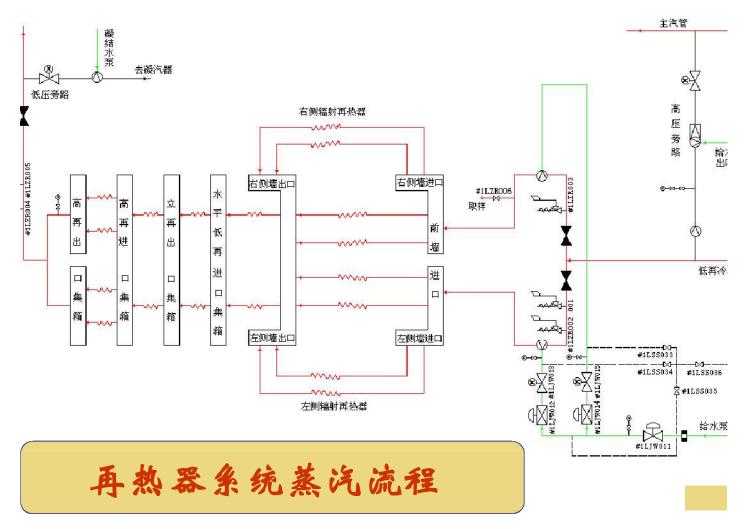


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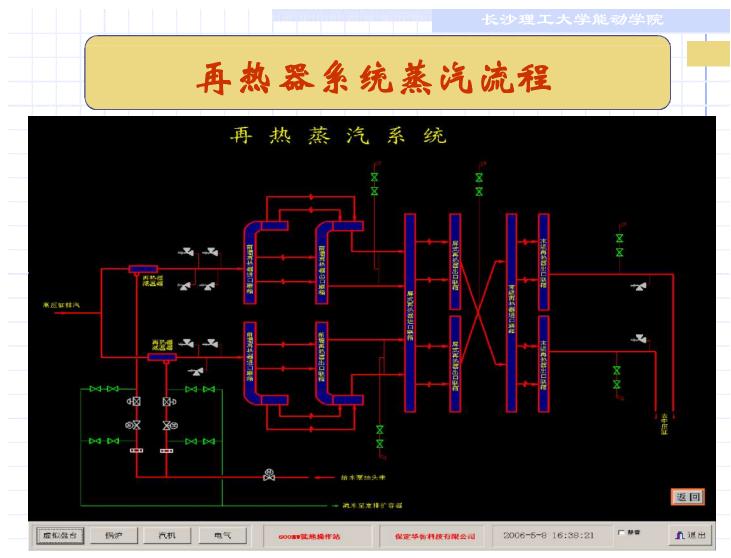




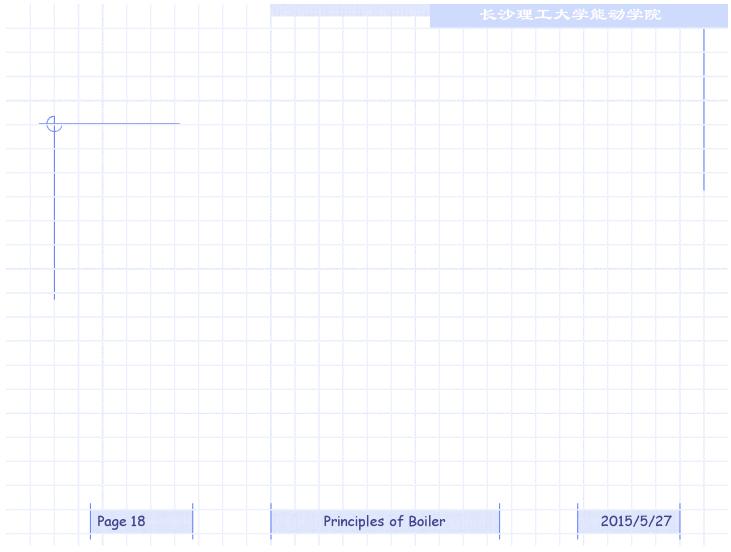
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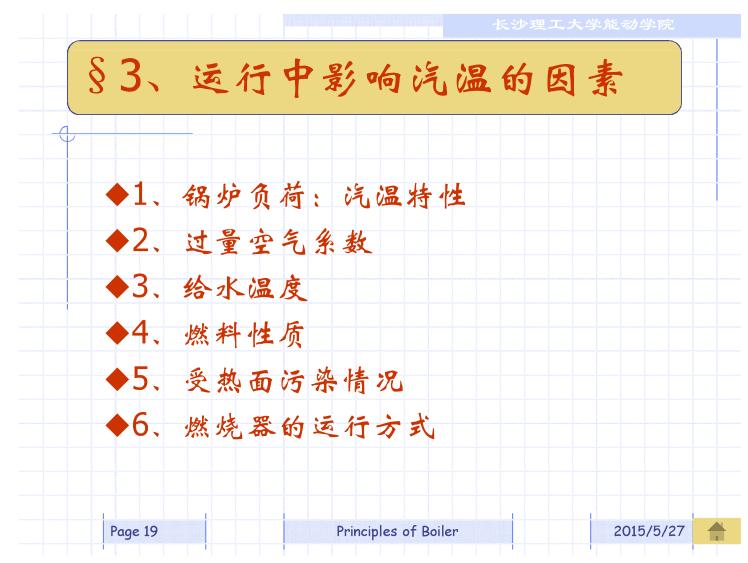
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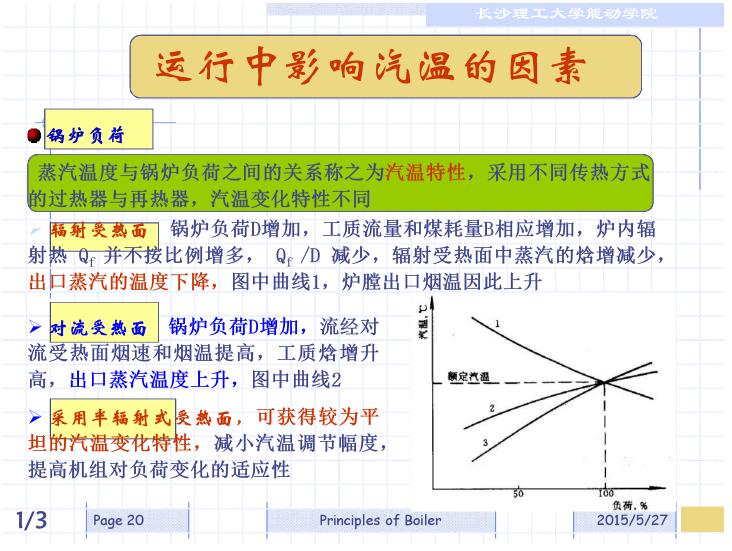
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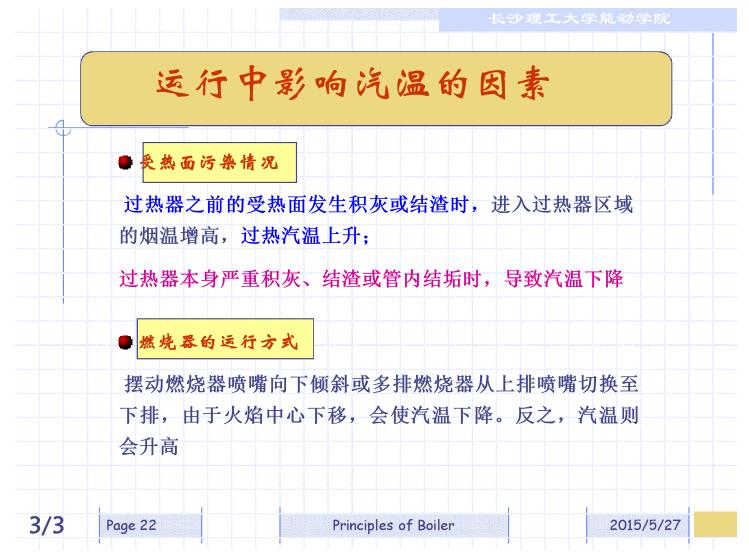
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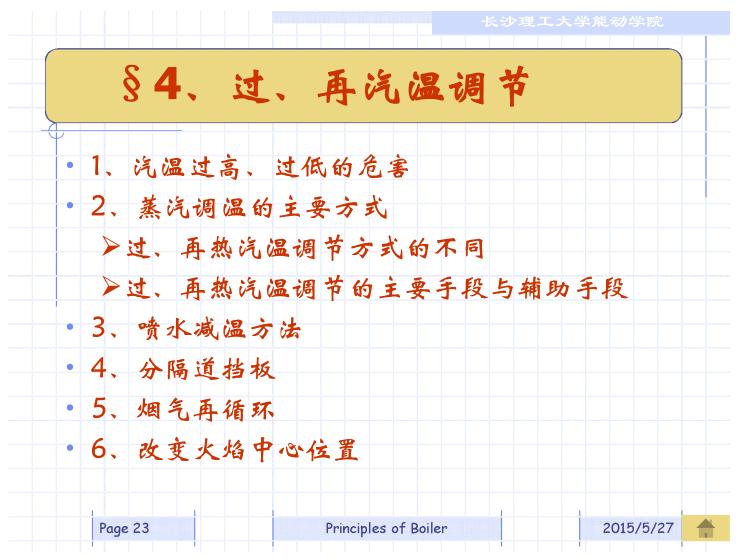
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	响汽温的因素	
对流过热器则由于	水平降低,辐射传热减弱,辐射 燃烧生成的烟气量增多,烟气流 汽温升高,以后者为主	
	增加,炉内烟气量增加,出口烟 升高。辐射式受热面的出口汽温量	
出口烟温升高,过	,烟气容积增大,烟速提高;而; <mark>热器出口汽温升高。煤粉变粗时</mark> 上移,导致汽温升高	

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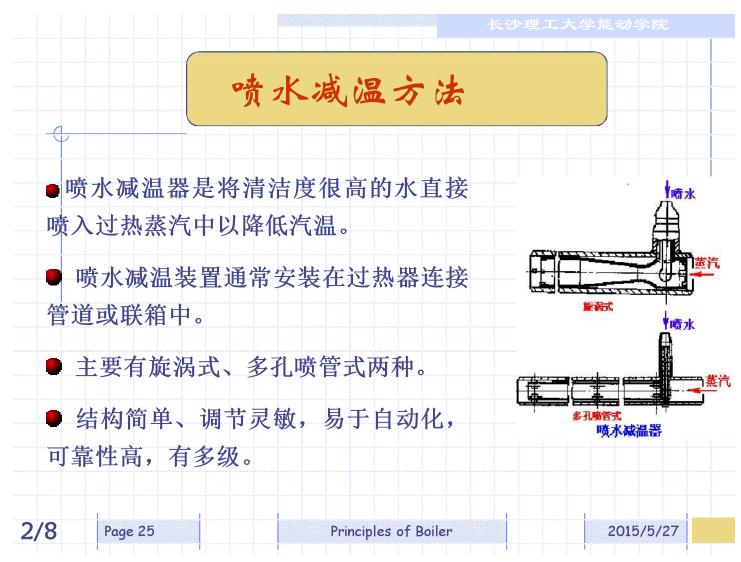
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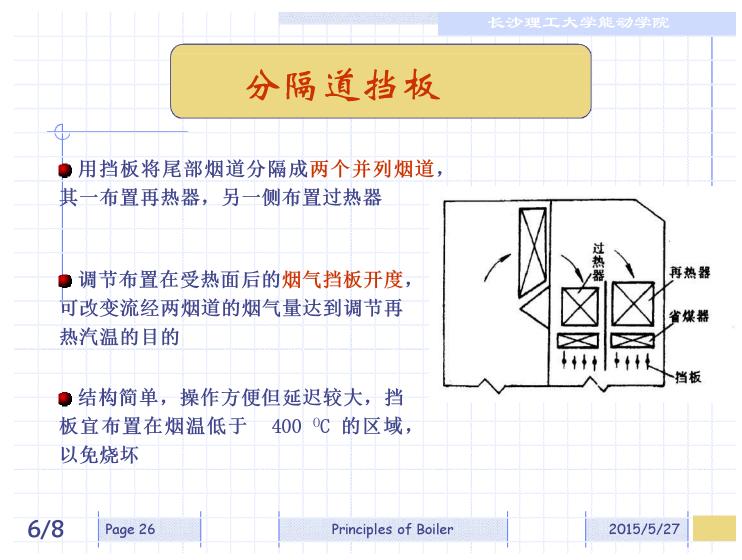
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	¥ ا	沙理工大学能动学院
	过、再汽温调节	\$
●运行中规定》	气温偏离额定值的波动不能超过一10	℃~+5℃
> 汽温过高,	金属的许用应力下降,危及机组的安	交全运行;
	循环热效率降低;再热汽温变化过于 子与汽缸之间的相对胀差变化,汽机	
● 蒸汽调温的 3	主要方式	
➤ 蒸汽侧调节	通过改变 <mark>蒸汽热焓</mark> 调节汽温,主要有	育喷水减温器
比例的方法(如	通过改变锅炉内 <mark>辐射受热面和对流</mark> 到 如烟气再循环、摆动燃烧器)或改变 去(如分隔烟气挡板)调节汽温	
/3 Page 24	Principles of Boiler	2015/5/27

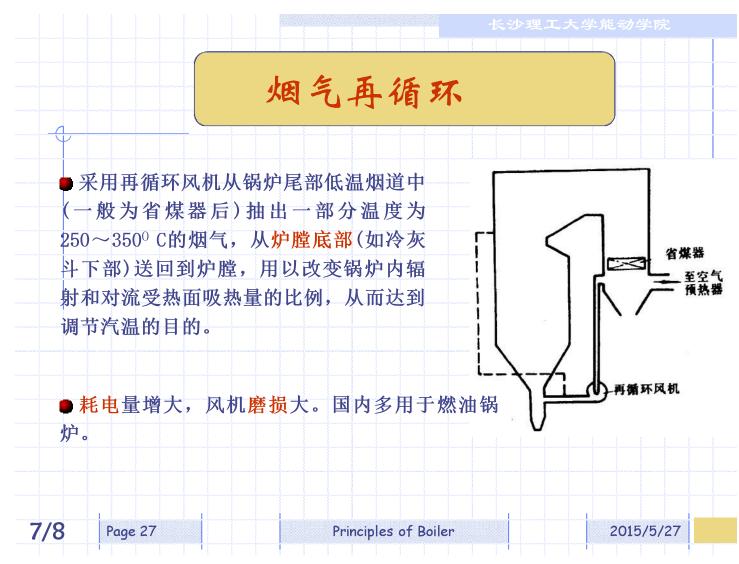
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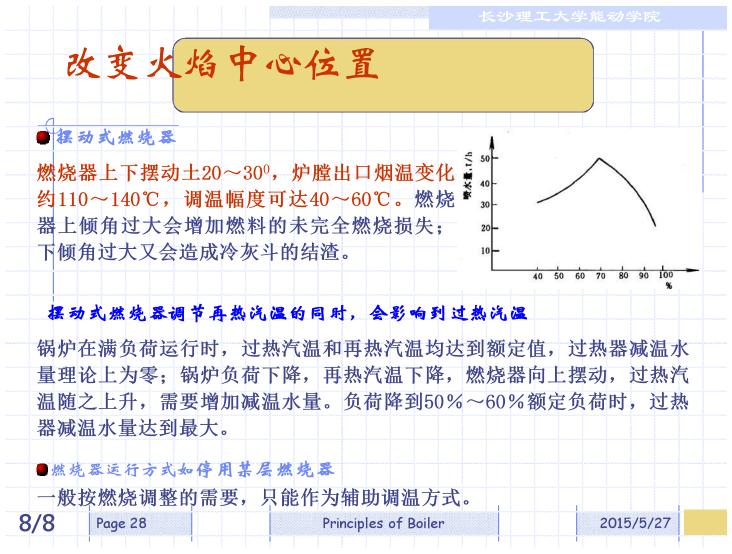
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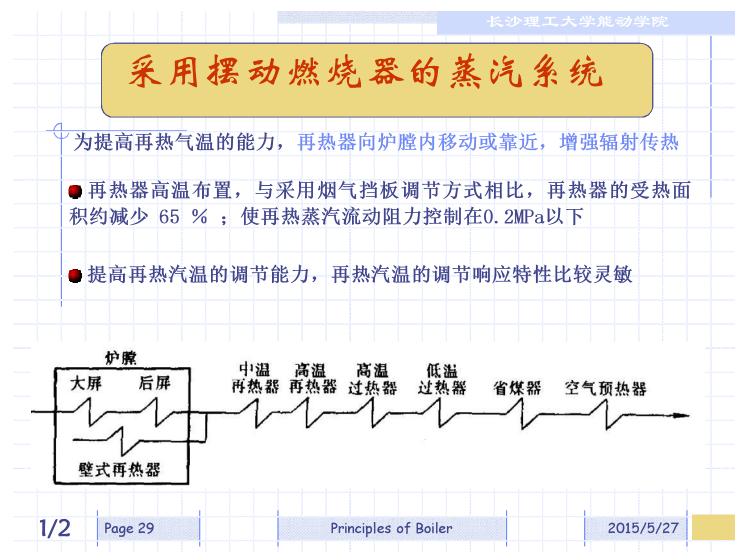
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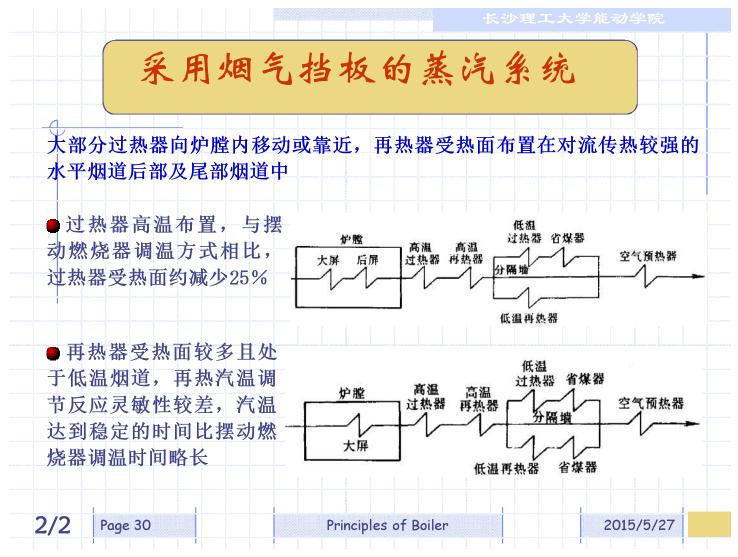
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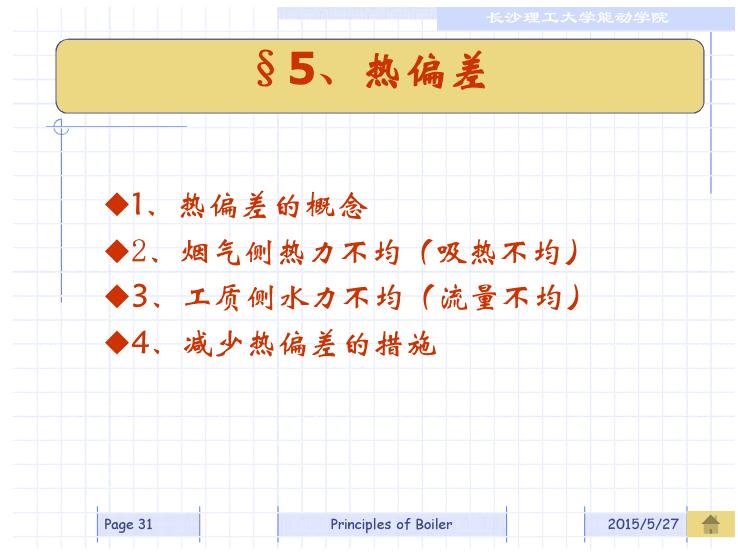
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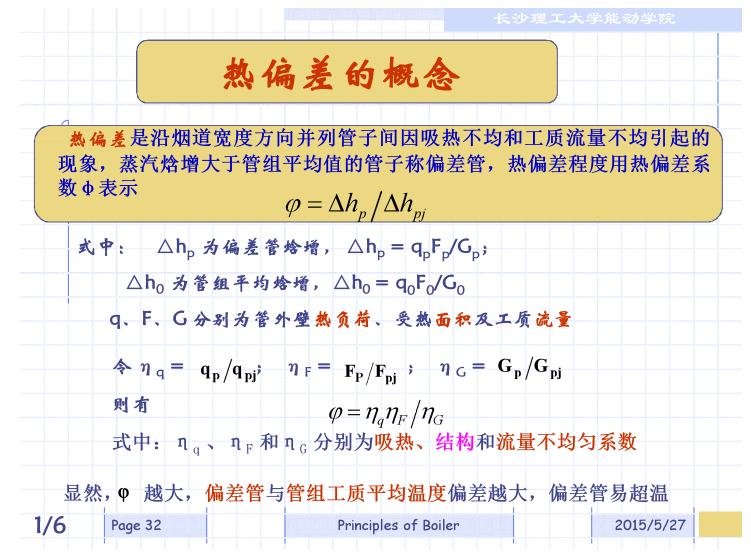
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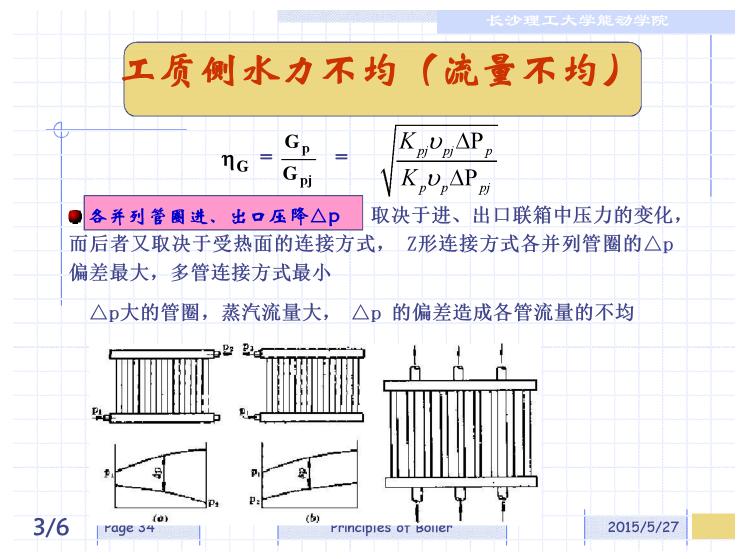
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										772 	レ理		<i>₹-3</i> -	能衣	/- 3- P	π	
		烟	气	侧	热	力	不:	均	(3		热	不	: *	匀。)	
4																	
● 沿;	烟道宽周	复方向	烟气	速度	场和	温度	场不	均久]	炉胆	堂四	壁	水ϟ	₹壁	的咧	及扶	与
粗糙	表面使煤	户壁附	近烟	气温	度及	流速	远比	火火	中	心们	£,	并	延伸	申到	对初	휷 烟	道
烟气	残余旋车	专,是	造成	过热	器并	列管	组热	力不	均的	 	要」	原因	5				
	气走廊		3.1		11 1			3			3			大	的烟	气	流
	面使流图																
吸热	增加,送	步成热	力不	均													
• 😤	热面不同]程度	的污	柴													
● 燃:	烧器负荷	行不一	致,	火焰	中心	偏斜	;炉	膛上	部	或过	热	器	局部	地	区发	生	煤
粉再	燃烧																
● 炉 ,	隆出口畑	目气流	的残	余扭	转												
2/6	Page 33				F	Principl	es of	Boiler						20	15/5/	/27	

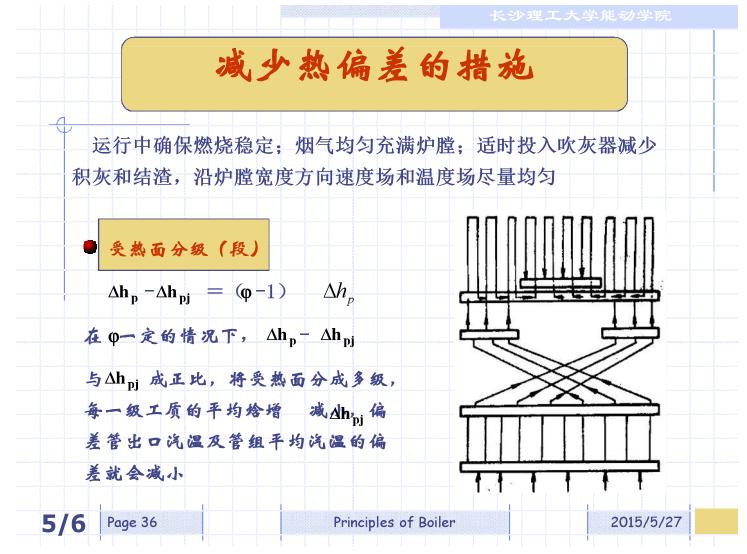
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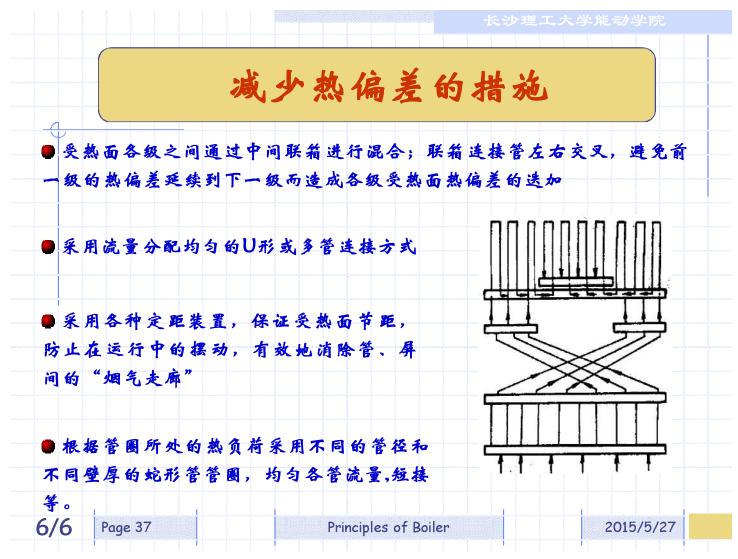
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_	质侧水力>	不均()	充量不力	约)
● 營圖的阻力 越大,即阻力	→ ★ 性 K 与管子的结 力越大,流量越小	前构尺寸、粗糙	度等有关,管	鬥圈的K 值
	并列管受热不均时 蒸汽流量减小	,受热强的管	吸热量多、工	质温度高、
$\eta_{\rm G} = \frac{\rm G_p}{\rm G_{pj}}$	$- = \sqrt{\frac{K_{pj} \upsilon_{pj} \Delta P_p}{K_p \upsilon_p \Delta P_{pj}}}$	$\varphi = -$	$rac{eta_q \eta_F}{\eta_G}$	
	管圈△p、 K相同,E 使热偏差增大	因受热不均,二	L质比容不同 [.]	也将导致
不均匀系数	时,平列管子中吸热 η _q >1),工质流量又 大,管子出口工质温	、较小(流量	不均匀系数 η	
4/6 Page 35	Pri	nciples of Boiler		2015/5/27

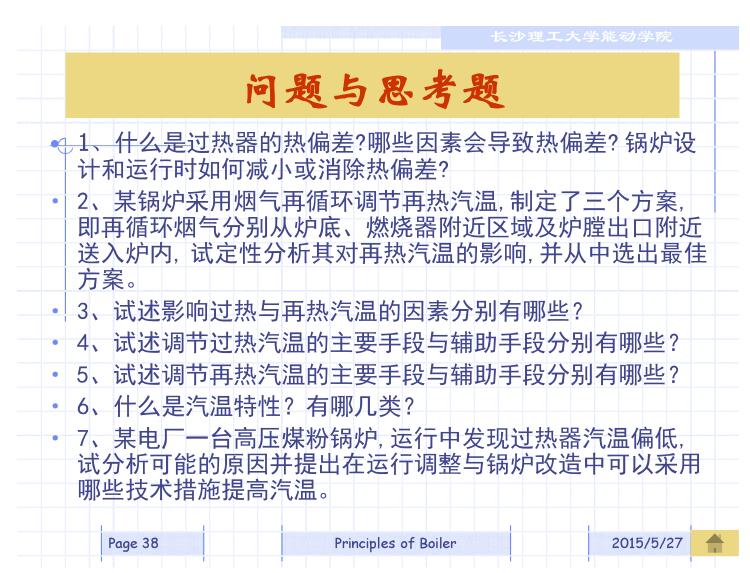
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