

3-芳基/芳氧甲基-6-芳基-1,2,4-三唑并[3,4-b]-1,3,4-噻二唑 衍生物的合成及生物活性

史海健, 王忠义¹, 史好新

(安徽师范大学化学系, 芜湖 241000; ¹ 中国科技大学化学系, 合肥 230026)

噻二唑类杂环化合物有广泛的生物活性, 如消炎、驱虫、除草、调节植物生长、防止水稻白叶枯病、柑桔溃疡病、蕃茄青枯病等^[1-3]。而1,2,4-三唑类杂环化合物也有相当广泛的生物活性, 如抗菌、抗痉挛、消炎、抗血小板凝聚及调节植物生长等^[4-6]。如果合成既含有1,2,4-三唑环, 又含有1,3,4-噻二唑环的新型稠杂环化合物, 同时改变取代基, 有可能产生新的生物活性, 这对于寻找新药和探索构效关系, 有一定的意义。本文研究了3-芳基/芳氧甲基-4-氨基-5-巯基-1,2,4-三唑和羧酸在三氯氧磷作用下合成的16个新的化合物及其生物活性。并研究了反应温度对反应产率的影响。结果表明, 有些化合物有较强的生物活性。所有化合物均经元素分析、红外光谱、核磁共振氢谱和质谱鉴定其结构。

实验部分

X₄ 型显微熔点测定仪测定熔点, 温度未校正; 元素分析仪为 PE-2400 型; 红外光谱用 FTS-40 型红外光谱仪(美国 Bio-rad 公司)测定, KBr 压片; ¹H NMR 用 EM-360, 60 MHz 核磁共振仪测定, TMS 为内标; MS 用 HP5989A 型质谱仪测定。试剂一般为分析纯或化学纯。

1 3-芳基-4-氨基-5-巯基-1,2,4-三唑的合成

参考文献^[7]合成。

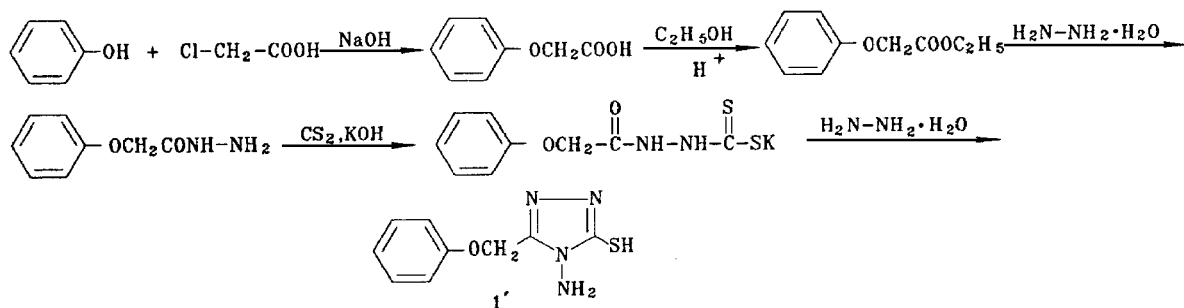
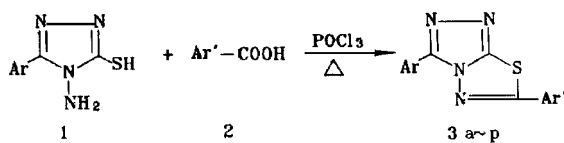


Fig 2 Route of synthesis of compound 1'.

2 3a~i 的合成(图1)



Ar: 3a~g: β-Py; 3h~i: Ph; 3j~p: PhOCH₂-.

Ar': 3a, 3h: 3,4-(CH₃)₂C₆H₃; 3b: 3-CH₃C₆H₄;
3c: 3,4-(HO)₂C₆H₃; 3d: α-O₂NC₆H₄; 3e: m-O₂NC₆H₄;
3f: p-O₂NC₆H₄; 3g, 3i, 3m: 3-O₂Np-ClC₆H₃;
3j: α-C₁₀H₇; 3k: 3,4-(CH₃O)₂C₆H₃; 3l: α-ClC₆H₄;
3n: β-Py; 3o: p-H₂NC₆H₄; 3p: Ph-CH=CH-.

Fig 1 Route of synthesis of compounds 3a~i.

将 1 (3 mmol) 放入园底烧瓶中, 再加入 2 (3.5 mmol) 及 POCl₃ 5 ml, 在 (95 ~ 98) °C 搅拌反应 (4 ~ 6) h。然后减压蒸去过量的 POCl₃, 剩余物倒入 50 ml 冰水中, 搅拌、静置、抽滤, 用 10% NaOH 溶液洗涤反应产物, 再用水洗至中性, 干燥得粗产品, 在乙醇中重结晶得纯品。3a, 产率 43%, mp 120 ~ 122 °C; 3b, 产率 45%, mp 101 ~ 102.5 °C; 3c, 产率 38%, mp 236 ~ 238 °C; 3d, 产率 46%, mp 208 ~ 210 °C; 3e, 产率 45%, mp 178 ~ 180 °C; 3f, 产率 51%, mp 248 ~ 250 °C; 3g, 产率 52%, mp 282 ~ 284 °C; 3h, 产率 36%, mp 159 ~ 160 °C; 3i, 产率 42.6%, mp 226 ~ 228 °C。

3 1' 的合成^[8-10](图2)

4 3j~p 的合成

1' 与羧酸的反应合成 3j~p 与前法相同。3j, 产率 85.20%, mp 139 ~ 141 °C; 3k, 产率 90.6%,

mp 171 ~ 171.5 °C; **3l**, 产率 83.5%, mp 88 ~ 90 °C; **3m**, 产率 77.5%, mp 87 ~ 89 °C; **3n**, 产率 35.1%, mp 103 ~ 105 °C; **3o**, 产率 34.4%, mp 190 °C (dec.); **3p**, 产率 49.9%, mp 141 ~ 143 °C。

结果与讨论

元素分析的实验值与计算值虽有一定误差,但均在允许范围内;核磁共振氢谱与各化合物的结构相符合;质谱的分子离子峰均出现,有的为基峰,说明这类化合物较稳定。

生物活性 用平皿试验法,以青霉素、庆大霉素和链霉素为参比,药液浓度为 0.002%,研究了这些化合物对金黄色葡萄球菌(G^+)、大肠杆菌(G^-)和枯草芽胞杆菌的抑菌作用。结果表明,**3b**和**3g**对3种菌都有较强的抑菌活性;**3c**,**3h**,**3j**,**3k**,**3n**和**3o**对金黄色葡萄球菌有较强的抑菌活性;**3a**对大肠杆菌有较强抑菌作用;**3a**,**3h**,**3i**,**3k**,**3n**,**3o**对枯草芽胞杆菌有较强抑菌作用。其余对3种菌的抑菌作用都较弱。

关键词 3,6-二芳基-1,2,4-三唑并[3,4-b]1,3,4-噻二唑;合成;生物活性

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SYNTHESIS AND BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITIES OF DERIVATIVES OF 3-ARYL/ARYLOXYMETHYL-6-ARYL-1,2,4-TRIAZOLQ[3,4-B]-1,3,4-THIADIAZOLES

Shi Haijian (Shi HJ), Wang Zhongyi (Wang ZY)¹ and Shi Haoxin (Shi HX)

(Department of Chemistry, Anhui Normal University, Wuhu 241000;

¹Department of Chemistry, The University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei 230026)

ABSTRACT AIM: To synthesize a number of novel heterocyclic compounds and screen for their biological activities. Sixteen title compounds were prepared. **METHODS:** These novel compounds were prepared by the reaction of 3-aryl/aryloxy-methyl-4-amino-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazoles with aryl carboxylic acids in the presence of phosphorus oxychloride. The structures of these compounds were confirmed by elemental analysis, IR, ¹H-NMR and MS. The reaction conditions for the synthesis had been investigated. All the compounds were screened for antimicrobial activity against bacteria *S. aureus*, *E. coli* and *B. subtilis*. The concentration of the test compounds was 0.002%. The antibacterial activities of the test compounds were compared with those of penicillin and gentamicin. **RESULTS:** The results display that some of them possess strong biological activities. **CONCLUSION:** Syntheses of these novel heterocyclic compounds and study on their biological activities are very important and valuable in medicine.

KEY WORDS 3,6-diaryl-1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-b]1,3,4-thiadiazoles; synthesis; biological activity