

黄花远志的新齐墩果烷型三萜皂甙*

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摘要 从云南产远志科药用植物黄花远志 (*Polygala arillata* Buch.-Ham. ex D. Don) 茎皮的乙醇提取物中分离得到 4 个新的齐墩果烷型三萜皂甙, 命名为黄花远志皂甙 (arillatanoside) A ~ D。同时还分离得到 1 个已知的三萜皂甙远志甙 (polygalasaponin) XXXV。它们的结构通过波谱方法推定。

关键词 远志科, 黄花远志, 三萜皂甙, 黄花远志皂甙 A ~ D

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New Oleanane Triterpenoid Saponins from *Polygala arillata* *

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Abstract Four new oleanane triterpenoidal saponins, arillatanoside A ~ D, together with a known saponin polygalasaponin XXXV were isolated from the stem bark of *Polygala arillata*. The structures of new saponins were established to be 28 - O - α - L - arabinopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3) - β - D - xylopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - α - L - rhamnopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 2) - β - D - fucopyranosyl presenegenin - 3 - O - β - D - glucopyranoside, 28 - O - β - D - galactopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - [α - L - arabinopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3)] - β - D - xylopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - α - L - rhamnopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 2) - [4 - O - acetyl] - β - D - fucopyranosyl presenegenin - 3 - O - β - D - glucopyranoside, 28 - O - β - D - galactopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - [α - L - arabinopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3)] - β - D - xylopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - α - L - rhamnopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 2) - β - D - fucopyranosyl presenegenin 3 - O - β - D - glucopyranoside and 28 - O - β - D - galactopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - [α - L - arabinopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3)] - β - D - xylopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - [β - D - apiofuramosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3)] - α - L - rhamnopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 2) - β - D - fucopyranosyl presenegenin - 3 - O - β - D - glucopyranoside, respectively, by FAB - MS and NMR spectroscopy.

Key words Polygalaceae, *Polygala arillata*, Triterpenoidal saponins, Arillatanoside A ~ D

Polygala arillata Buch.-Ham. ex D. Don is a moderate size tree in the family Polygalaceae, distributed in southern China. It as a folk herb is used for treating coughs, expectorants, stomach trouble and rheumatism (Jiangsu College of New Medicine, 1979). Chemical studies on this plant have in-

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dicated the presence of some xanthenes, polygalitol, stigmaterol and stigmaterol - 3 - O - β - glucopyranoside (Mao *et al*, 1997, 1996; Shbuth *et al*, 1977). In this paper we describe the isolation of five oleanane triterpenoidal saponins (1 ~ 5) from the stem bark of *P. arillata* and the structure of four new saponins together with a known saponin.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Five triterpenoidal saponins were isolated from the polar part of EtOH extract of *P. arillata*. One of them was identified as the known polygalasaponin XXXV (5) on the basis of its NMR and FAB - MS spectra, and comparison with literature data which was isolated from *Polygala fallax* Hemsl. (Zhang *et al*, 1996a).

The structure of four novel triterpenoidal saponins, which named arillatanoside A ~ D (1 ~ 4), were established by concerted application of NMR and MS studies.

Arillatanoside A (1) was obtained as a colorless amorphous powder. It gave a molecular ion peak at m/z 1236 ($C_{58}H_{92}O_{20}$) in the negative FAB - MS and main fragment ion peaks at m/z 1103 $[M - 132 - H]^-$, 1073 $[M - 162 - H]^-$, 971 $[M - 2 \times 132 - H]^-$, 679 $[M - 2 \times 133 - 2 \times 145 - H]^-$. The 1H NMR spectrum of **1** showed the presence of seven singlet methyl signals at δ 0.76, 0.85, 1.10, 1.47, 1.51, 1.63 and 1.90; a pair of hydroxymethyl signals at δ 3.58 and 3.95; a trisubstituted olefinic proton signal at δ 5.79 (s, br.); and five anomeric proton signals at δ 6.45 (s, br.), 6.00 (s, br.), 5.12 (s, br.), 5.05 (s, br.) and 5.02 (s, br.). The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **1** showed the presence of one carboxylic carbon signal at δ 182.15, one ester carbonyl carbon signal at δ 176.75 and five anomeric carbon signals at δ 106.84, 105.86, 105.30, 101.08 and 94.89. The ^{13}C and 1H NMR spectral data of **1** were homologous to those of polygalasaponin XXVIII (**6**), an oleanane triterpenoidal saponin which isolated from *Polygala japonica* Houtt. (Zhang *et al*, 1996b; Masayuki *et al*, 1995). The carbon signals for aglycone skeleton and sugar moiety of **1** were very similar to those of **6** (Table 1). It is indicated that both of them have the same aglycone as presenegenin and similar sugar linkages. However, in the comparison between the ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **1** and those of **6**, the spectrum of **1** showed one set additional signals of α - L - arabinopyranosyl unit. A careful analysis of the glycosylation shift led us observed that the signal C - 3 of terminal β - D - xylopyranosyl unit of oligosaccharide chain of **1** was downfield shifted to δ 87.79 from δ 78.8 of **6**, while other carbon signals were almost unaffected. It was suggested that the additional α - L - arabinopyranosyl unit of **1** could be linked to C - 3 position of the terminal β - D - xylopyranosyl unit of **6**. This was confirmed by two - dimensional NMR techniques. HMQC and HMBC experiments showed correlation between H - 3 of β - D - xylopyranosyl unit and C - 1 of α - L - arabinopyranosyl unit. Based on the above evidence, the structure of saponin **1** was established to be 28 - O - α - L - arabinopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 3) - β - D - xylopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 4) - α - L - rhamnopyranosyl - (1 \rightarrow 2) - β - D - fucopyranosyl presenegenin - 3 - O - β - D - glucopyranoside.

Arillatanoside B (2) was obtained as a white amorphous powder and exhibited a molecular ion

peak at m/z 1440 by negative FAB-MS. To comparison with ^{13}C NMR spectrum suggested its molecular formula could be $\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{104}\text{O}_{34}$. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **2** showed the presence of one carboxylic carbon signal at δ 185.91, two ester carbonyl carbon signals at δ 176.07 and 171.25, and six anomeric carbon signals at δ 106.64, 105.39 ($2 \times \text{C}$), 103.25, 102.23 and 94.57. It is noticed that the ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **2** closely resembled that of polygalasaponin XXXIV (**7**) (Zhang *et al.*, 1996) except one more α -L-arabinopyranosyl unit in **2** (Table 1). By comparison of the ^{13}C NMR spectral data of **2** with that of **7**, all the carbon signals overlapped with each other except for C-3 of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit. The chemical shift C-3 of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit went downfield from δ 76.7 in **7** to δ 87.23 in **2**, indicated that this additional α -L-arabinopyranosyl unit was located at C-3 of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit in **2**. Therefore, the structure of saponin **2** was shown to be 28-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-[α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]- β -D-xylopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)-[4-O-acetyl]- β -D-fucopyranosyl presenegenin-3-O- β -D-glucopyranoside.

Arillatanoside C (3) was obtained as a white amorphous and exhibited a molecular ion peak at m/z 1398 [$\text{M}(\text{C}_{64}\text{H}_{102}\text{O}_{33})^-$] in its negative FAB-MS. The ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra of **3** showed six anomeric proton signals at δ 6.62 (s, br.), 6.01 (d, $J=8.0\text{Hz}$), 5.01 (s, br.), 4.90 (s, br.), 4.78 (s, br.) and 4.78 (s, br.); and six anomeric carbon signals at δ 106.55, 105.99, 105.17, 103.16, 100.93 and 94.87. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **3** closely resembled that of **1**. Comparison of the ^{13}C NMR spectral data of **3** with that of saponin **1**, showed that there is one more β -D-galactopyranosyl unit in **3** (Table 1). The C-4 carbon signal of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit was downfield shift from δ 70.45 in **1** to δ 78.03 in **3**. It indicated that this additional β -D-galactopyranosyl unit should be linked at the position C-4 of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit in **3**. Moreover, the chemical shift pattern of **3** are most overlapped with that of saponin **2**, except less a set signals of an acetyl group in C-4 position of α -L-rhamnopyranosyl unit. Thus, the structure of saponin **3** is 28-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-[α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]- β -D-xylopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)- β -D-fucopyranosyl presenegenin 3-O- β -D-glucopyranoside.

Arillatanoside D (4) exhibited a molecular ion peak at m/z 1530 [$\text{M}(\text{C}_{69}\text{H}_{110}\text{O}_{37})^-$] in its negative FAB-MS. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of **4** showed seven anomeric carbon signals at δ 111.77, 105.08 ($2 \times \text{C}$) 104.40, 103.27, 101.65 and 94.56. Its ^{13}C NMR spectrum showed a similar pattern to those of saponins **3** and desacylsenegasaponin A (**8**), later was isolated from *Polygala senega* var. *latifolia* Torrey et Gray (Masayuki *et al.*, 1995). However, **4** exhibited one more α -L-arabinopyranosyl unit at C-3 position of β -D-xylopyranosyl unit in **8**, and one more β -D-apiofuranosyl unit at C-3 position of α -L-rhamnopyranosyl unit in **3** (Table 1). Therefore, the structure of **4** was determined to be 28-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-[α -L-arabinopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]- β -D-xylopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)-[β -D-apiofuranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 3)]- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 2)- β -D-fucopyranosyl presenegenin-3-O- β -D-glucopyranoside.

Though, the structures of all four new saponins were deduced by comparison with that of known

Table 1 ^{13}C NMR spectral data of the aglycone moieties of saponins (in $\text{C}_5\text{D}_5\text{N}$)

| C | 6* | 7* | 5* | 8* | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1 | 44.3 | 44.3 | 44.3 | 44.3 | 44.50 | 44.23 | 44.47 | 44.33 | 44.29 |
| 2 | 70.3 | 70.4 | 70.4 | 70.1 | 70.74 | 70.40 | 67.97 | 70.45 | 70.70 |
| 3 | 86.0 | 86.0 | 86.0 | 86.0 | 85.45 | 86.61 | 86.14 | 86.45 | 86.23 |
| 4 | 52.9 | 52.5 | 52.9 | 52.9 | 53.50 | 53.49 | 53.40 | 53.26 | 53.38 |
| 5 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 52.6 | 52.60 | 52.46 | 52.41 | 52.68 | 52.48 |
| 6 | 21.4 | 21.5 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.85 | 21.74 | 21.85 | 21.28 | 21.72 |
| 7 | 33.6 | 33.6 | 33.5 | 33.9 | 34.10 | 33.66 | 34.03 | 33.99 | 34.00 |
| 8 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.26 | 41.18 | 41.23 | 41.15 | 41.13 |
| 9 | 49.4 | 49.4 | 49.3 | 49.4 | 49.50 | 49.34 | 49.47 | 49.34 | 49.27 |
| 10 | 37.1 | 37.0 | 37.0 | 37.1 | 37.07 | 37.06 | 36.84 | 37.18 | 37.00 |
| 11 | 23.6 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.7 | 23.30 | 23.42 | 23.33 | 23.50 | 23.43 |
| 12 | 127.9 | 127.9 | 127.8 | 127.8 | 127.94 | 128.28 | 128.12 | 127.80 | 128.20 |
| 13 | 138.9 | 139.0 | 138.9 | 139.1 | 193.11 | 138.80 | 139.09 | 139.49 | 138.96 |
| 14 | 47.0 | 47.0 | 47.1 | 47.0 | 47.06 | 47.23 | 47.07 | 47.02 | 47.22 |
| 15 | 24.6 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 24.95 | 24.59 | 24.94 | 24.64 | 24.55 |
| 16 | 24.1 | 24.0 | 23.9 | 24.0 | 24.90 | 23.94 | 23.64 | 24.64 | 24.19 |
| 17 | 48.0 | 48.1 | 48.0 | 48.0 | 48.23 | 48.21 | 48.40 | 48.11 | 48.17 |
| 18 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.15 | 42.03 | 42.09 | 41.81 | 41.80 |
| 19 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 45.5 | 45.50 | 45.41 | 45.41 | 45.71 | 45.48 |
| 20 | 30.8 | 30.8 | 30.8 | 30.8 | 30.89 | 30.82 | 30.75 | 30.85 | 30.75 |
| 21 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 34.10 | 34.10 | 34.03 | 33.99 | 33.59 |
| 22 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.40 | 32.64 | 32.42 | 32.44 | 32.51 |
| 23 | 180.8 | 180.8 | 180.7 | 180.9 | 182.15 | 185.91 | 185.50 | 186.00 | 186.00 |
| 24 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.41 | 14.31 | 14.19 | 14.73 | 14.87 |
| 25 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.5 | 17.63 | 17.70 | 17.60 | 17.56 | 17.53 |
| 26 | 18.8 | 18.7 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 18.91 | 18.80 | 18.94 | 19.08 | 18.85 |
| 27 | 64.5 | 64.5 | 64.4 | 64.6 | 64.20 | 64.15 | 64.18 | 64.72 | 64.31 |
| 28 | 176.7 | 176.7 | 176.4 | 176.6 | 176.75 | 176.87 | 176.54 | 176.65 | 176.54 |
| 29 | 33.1 | 33.1 | 33.0 | 33.1 | 33.19 | 33.19 | 33.10 | 33.18 | 33.07 |
| 30 | 24.1 | 24.0 | 23.9 | 24.1 | 24.01 | 23.94 | 23.80 | 24.01 | 23.88 |

* ref. data

Arillatanoside A (1): The colorless amorphous powder. FAB - MS m/z 1236 $[\text{M} (\text{C}_{58}\text{H}_{92}\text{O}_{20})]^-$, 1218 $[\text{M} - \text{H}_2\text{O}]^-$, 1103 $[\text{M} - 132 - \text{H}]^-$, 1073 $[\text{M} - 162 - \text{H}]^-$, 971 $[\text{M} - 2\text{X}132 - \text{H}]^-$. ^1H NMR spectrum: δ 0.76, 0.85, 1.10, 1.47, 1.51, 1.63 and 1.90 (Me \times 7); 5.79 (1H, s, br., 12 - H); 6.45 (1H, s, br.), 6.00 (1H, s, br.), 5.12 (1H, s, br.), 5.05 (1H, s, br.) and 5.02 (1H, s, br.) (anomeric protons). See ^{13}C NMR data in Table 1 and 2.

Arillatanoside B (2): The white amorphous powder. FAB - MS: m/z 1440 $[\text{M} (\text{C}_{66}\text{H}_{104}\text{O}_{34})]^-$, 1308 $[\text{M} - 132]^-$, 1278 $[\text{M} - 162]^-$, 1145 $[\text{M} - 132 - 163]^-$, 1116 $[\text{M} - 1278 - 162]^-$,

982 [1145 - 162]⁻. See ¹³C NMR data in Table 1 and 2.

Table 2 ¹³C NMR spectral data of sugar moieties of saponins (in C₅D₅N)

| C | 6* | 7* | 5* | 8* | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Glu - 1 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.3 | 105.30 | 105.39 | 105.17 | 105.08 | 105.01 |
| 2 | 75.3 | 75.3 | 75.3 | 75.3 | 75.27 | 75.21 | 75.30 | 75.12 | 75.32 |
| 3 | 78.4 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.28 | 77.54 | 77.81 | 78.54 | 77.86 |
| 4 | 71.6 | 71.7 | 71.7 | 71.4 | 71.57 | 71.50 | 71.50 | 71.65 | 71.58 |
| 5 | 78.4 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 78.19 | 77.35 | 77.53 | 78.54 | 77.67 |
| 6 | 62.7 | 62.8 | 62.8 | 62.7 | 62.68 | 62.39 | 62.52 | 62.70 | 62.58 |
| Fuc - 1 | 94.8 | 94.36 | 94.2 | 94.8 | 94.89 | 94.57 | 94.87 | 94.96 | 94.05 |
| 2 | 74.0 | 74.1 | 73.0 | 75.0 | 73.50 | 74.34 | 74.55 | 74.80 | 72.50 |
| 3 | 76.7 | 74.7 | 74.6 | 76.3 | 76.90 | 74.51 | 76.00 | 76.58 | 74.96 |
| 4 | 73.2 | 74.8 | 71.2 | 73.1 | 73.32 | 74.76 | 73.39 | 73.27 | 71.33 |
| 5 | 72.5 | 70.6 | 70.1 | 72.3 | 72.54 | 70.74 | 72.44 | 72.47 | 70.27 |
| 6 | 16.9 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 16.9 | 17.02 | 16.61 | 16.92 | 17.00 | 16.09 |
| 3 - Ac | | | 20.6 | | | | | | 20.64 |
| | | | 170.1 | | | | | | 170.12 |
| 4 - Ac | | 20.7 | 20.4 | | | 20.90 | | | 20.43 |
| | | 171.1 | 170.8 | | | 171.25 | | | 170.84 |
| Rha - 1 | 101.2 | 101.8 | 102.1 | 101.5 | 101.08 | 102.23 | 100.93 | 101.65 | 102.24 |
| 2 | 71.8 | 71.8 | 71.4 | 71.6 | 71.78 | 71.77 | 71.78 | 71.65 | 71.59 |
| 3 | 72.5 | 72.5 | 72.4 | 82.1 | 72.54 | 72.61 | 72.63 | 81.95 | 72.50 |
| 4 | 85.1 | 85.2 | 84.7 | 78.7 | 85.41 | 85.49 | 86.15 | 78.54 | 84.52 |
| 5 | 68.3 | 68.5 | 69.0 | 68.3 | 68.04 | 68.21 | 67.58 | 68.02 | 68.81 |
| 6 | 18.6 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.6 | 18.54 | 18.99 | 18.94 | 18.88 | 18.67 |
| Xyl - 1 | 170.4 | 107.0 | 106.8 | 104.8 | 106.84 | 106.64 | 106.55 | 105.08 | 106.70 |
| 2 | 76.2 | 75.7 | 75.6 | 75.1 | 76.90 | 75.83 | 75.30 | 76.82 | 75.77 |
| 3 | 78.8 | 76.7 | 76.6 | 76.2 | 87.79 | 87.23 | 87.48 | 83.80 | 76.77 |
| 4 | 70.9 | 78.3 | 78.2 | 78.6 | 70.45 | 77.71 | 78.03 | 78.18 | 77.67 |
| 5 | 67.5 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 64.6 | 67.00 | 66.30 | 66.28 | 65.21 | 64.85 |
| Api - 1 | | | | 111.7 | | | | 111.77 | |
| 2 | | | | 77.6 | | | | 77.46 | |
| 3 | | | | 79.6 | | | | 80.09 | |
| 4 | | | | 74.6 | | | | 74.80 | |
| 5 | | | | 64.6 | | | | 65.73 | |
| Gal - 1 | | 104.5 | 104.5 | 104.4 | | 103.25 | 103.16 | 104.40 | 103.89 |
| 2 | | 71.8 | 71.8 | 71.8 | | 71.50 | 71.50 | 70.45 | 71.79 |
| 3 | | 75.1 | 75.1 | 75.0 | | 75.21 | 75.30 | 75.41 | 75.32 |
| 4 | | 70.1 | 70.0 | 70.1 | | 70.47 | 69.82 | 69.94 | 70.07 |
| 5 | | 77.3 | 77.3 | 77.3 | | 77.35 | 77.23 | 77.46 | 77.09 |
| 6 | | 62.3 | 62.3 | 62.3 | | 62.39 | 62.39 | 62.31 | 62.40 |
| Ara - 1 | | | | | 105.86 | 105.39 | 105.99 | 103.27 | |
| 2 | | | | | 72.54 | 72.61 | 72.63 | 72.47 | |
| 3 | | | | | 75.41 | 74.76 | 74.55 | 75.62 | |
| 4 | | | | | 68.86 | 70.27 | 69.82 | 68.02 | |
| 5 | | | | | 67.32 | 66.64 | 67.10 | 66.64 | |

Arillatanoside C (3): The white amorphous. FAB - MS m/z 1398 $[M(C_{64}H_{102}O_{33})]^-$ 1266 $[M - 132]^-$, 1236 $[M - 162]^-$. 1H NMR spectrum δ 6.62 (1H, s, br.), 6.01 (1H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz), 5.01 (1H, s, br.), 4.90 (1H, s, br.), 4.78 (1H, s, br.), 4.78 (1H, s, br.) (anomeric protons). See ^{13}C NMR data in Table 1 and 2.

Arillatanoside D (4): The white amorphous. FAB - MS m/z 1530 $[M(C_{69}H_{110}O_{37})]^-$. See ^{13}C NMR data in Table 1 and 2.

Polygalasaponin XXXV (5): The white amorphous powder. FAB - MS m/z 1349 $[M(C_{63}H_{98}O_{31}) - H]^-$. 1H NMR δ 2.04 ($2 \times CH_3$). See ^{13}C NMR data in Table 1 and 2.

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