Providing a word association test and determine its validity and reliability in Persian (farsi) language children

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Abstract:

Background and aim: The current research provides a word association test and determine its validity and reliability in Persian (farsi) language.

Materials and methods: A word association test was administered to a group of twenty girls and twenty one boys that were similar in age and education.

Based on Goldfarb's word association test, word stimuli were balanced according to frequency of occurrence (frequent, infrequent), word length (short, long), abstraction level (low, medium, high), and grammatical class (noun, verb, adjective).

Based on "Recognition basic word's Iranian student in primary school"(nemat zade,1384),180 words were selected. This words scored by experts. Seventy two words were selected . The test administered in oral on the first grade students .Then responses were coded as paradigmatic or sytagmatic . Results were analyzed by Maknamar and Capa test.

Results: Findings show high correlation between first and second test in three grammatical Class (noun, verb, adjective, p=0/001). High correlation exists between two stages of test.

Conclusion: These findings show word association test is valid and reliable .This is usable in assessment of semantic development and language development. Key Words: word association test, Persian (farsi) language, validity, reliability

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