

## Almost sure convergence of extreme order statistics

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### Abstract

Let  $M_n^{(k)}$  denote the  $k$ th largest maximum of a sample  $(X_{\{1\}}, X_{\{2\}}, \dots, X_{\{n\}})$  from parent  $X$  with continuous distribution. Assume there exist normalizing constants  $a_n > 0$ ,  $b_n \in \mathbb{R}$  and a nondegenerate distribution  $G$  such that  $a_n^{-1}(M_n^{(1)} - b_n) \stackrel{w}{\rightarrow} G$ . Then for fixed  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ , the almost sure convergence of

$$\frac{1}{D_N} \sum_{n=k}^N d_n \mathbb{I}\{M_n^{(1)} \leq a_n x_{\{1\}} + b_n, M_n^{(2)} \leq a_n x_{\{2\}} + b_n, \dots, M_n^{(k)} \leq a_n x_{\{k\}} + b_n\}$$

is derived if the positive weight sequence  $(d_n)$  with  $D_N = \sum_{n=1}^N d_n$  satisfies conditions provided by H\"{o}rman. Some practical issues of this result are also discussed.

AMS 2000 subject classifications: Primary 62F15; secondary 60G70, 60F15.

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