



Feature Selection Based on Term Frequency and T-Test for Text Categorization

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Much work has been done on feature selection. Existing methods are based on document frequency, such as Chi-Square Statistic, Information Gain etc. However, these methods have two shortcomings: one is that they are not reliable for low-frequency terms, and the other is that they only count whether one term occurs in a document and ignore the term frequency. Actually, high-frequency terms within a specific category are often regarded as discriminators.

This paper focuses on how to construct the feature selection function based on term frequency, and proposes a new approach based on χ^2 -test, which is used to measure the diversity of the distributions of a term between the specific category and the entire corpus. Extensive comparative experiments on two text corpora using three classifiers show that our new approach is comparable to or slightly better than the state-of-the-art feature selection methods (i.e., χ^2 , IG) in terms of macro- F_1 and micro- F_1 .

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