



Learning Policies for Contextual Submodular Prediction

Stephane Ross, Jiaji Zhou, Yisong Yue, Debadeepta Dey, J. Andrew Bagnell

(Submitted on 11 May 2013)

Many prediction domains, such as ad placement, recommendation, trajectory prediction, and document summarization, require predicting a set or list of options. Such lists are often evaluated using submodular reward functions that measure both quality and diversity. We propose a simple, efficient, and provably near-optimal approach to optimizing such prediction problems based on no-regret learning. Our method leverages a surprising result from online submodular optimization: a single no-regret online learner can compete with an optimal sequence of predictions. Compared to previous work, which either learn a sequence of classifiers or rely on stronger assumptions such as realizability, we ensure both data-efficiency as well as performance guarantees in the fully agnostic setting. Experiments validate the efficiency and applicability of the approach on a wide range of problems including manipulator trajectory optimization, news recommendation and document summarization.

Comments: 13 pages. To appear in proceedings of the International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML), 2013

Subjects: **Learning (cs.LG)**; Machine Learning (stat.ML)

Cite as: [arXiv:1305.2532 \[cs.LG\]](#)
(or [arXiv:1305.2532v1 \[cs.LG\]](#) for this version)

Submission history

From: Stephane Ross [[view email](#)]

[v1] Sat, 11 May 2013 18:09:52 GMT (169kb,D)

[Which authors of this paper are endorsers?](#)

Link back to: [arXiv](#), [form interface](#), [contact](#).

Download:

- [PDF](#)
- [Other formats](#)

Current browse context:

cs.LG

[< prev](#) | [next >](#)

[new](#) | [recent](#) | 1305

Change to browse by:

[cs](#)

[stat](#)

[stat.ML](#)

References & Citations

- [NASA ADS](#)

DBLP - CS Bibliography

[listing](#) | [bibtex](#)

[Stéphane Ross](#)

[Jiaji Zhou](#)

[Yisong Yue](#)

[Debadeepta Dey](#)

[J. Andrew Bagnell](#)

Bookmark (what is this?)

