



我国人文社会科学合作的地域倾向研究——基于经济学期刊论文的计量分析

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摘要 以CNKI中经济学科150种核心期刊10年的论文数据为统计样本,采用统计分析法,利用SPSS、GeoDa等软件对我国人文社会科学合作的地域倾向性进行分析。研究发现:我国不同地区之间的人文社会科学合作确实存在地域倾向,高、中、低科研生产力地区均倾向与高科研生产力地区合作;科研生产力和地理距离是影响我国科学合作的重要因素,科研生产力与科学合作强度呈正相关关系,科学合作强度随科研生产力的增大而增大;地理距离与科学合作强度呈负相关关系,科学合作强度随地理距离的增加而减小。

关键词: [科学合作](#) [地域倾向](#) [科研生产力](#) [地理距离](#)

Abstract: On the basis of the measured frequency distribution of China's inter-regional co-authored papers covered by 10 years' data of 150 economic journals in CNKI database, this paper shows the pattern of China's Inter-Regional Research Collaboration(IRRC) by using statistical softwares, such as SPSS and GeoDa. The results fall into three groups. Firstly, regional scientific productivity affects the collaborative preference. Secondly, geographic distance is an important factor determining the pattern of IRRC. Thirdly, regional collaboration strength increases as the regional productivity increases, and as the distance between two regions decreases.

Keywords: [Research collaboration](#), [Regional tendency](#), [Scientific productivity](#), [Geographic distance](#)

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