研究报告

江西新建县土地利用时空动态特征分析

陈文波^{1,2},崔丽娟³,赵小》凡¹

¹江西农业大学国土资源与环境学院,南昌 330045; ²大连理工大学管理学院,大连116024; ³中国林业科学院湿地研究中心,北京100091

收稿日期 2005-7-1 修回日期 2006-2-12 网络版发布日期 接受日期

在RS与GIS支持下,以江西省新建县为研究区,采用与土地利用动态度相关的一系列时空特征指数,研 究了1991、1996和2000年3个时间段上土地利用的时空动态特征.结果表明,单一土地利用动态中建设用地变 化动态度最大: 1991~2000年间研究区域综合土地利用动

态度年均变化速度为0.165%,其中前5年变化速度比后4年快,为后者1.5倍多.1991、1996和2000年土地利<mark>▶<u>复制索引</u></mark> 用程度综合指数分别为243.68、244.08和244.87,稍高于全国平均水平231 92.新建县1996~2000年各 种土地利用类型总的空间转移量(转出或转入)比前一时段有所下降,土地利用变化逐渐由双向转移向单向不平衡 转移转化...

关键词 土地利用 动态度 时空特征

分类号

Temporal-spatial characteristics of land use in Xinjian County, Jiangxi Province

CHEN Wenbo^{1,2},ZHAO Xiaofan¹,CUI Lijuan³

¹College of Land Resources and Environment, Jiangxi Agricultural Universit y, Nanchang 330045, China; ²College of Management, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116024, China; ³Wetland Research Center, Chinese Academy of Forestry, Beijing 100091, China

Abstract

With the support of RS and GIS, and using a series of indices in characterizing the dynamics of land use, this paper studied the temporal-spatial characteristics of land use in Xinjian County, Jiangxi Province, between 1991 and 2000. The results indicated that among single land use types, the area for construction changed mostly. The annual change speed of comprehensive land dynamic index between 1991 and 1995 was 0.5 times higher than that between 1996 and 2000, and the utilization grade in 1991, 1996 and 2000 was 243.7,44.1 and 244.9, respectively, being a little higher than the national average grade. The land inflow and outflow in 1996~2000 was lower than that in 1991~1995, and the land use change was from bilateral dynamics to unilateral unbalanced dynamics.

Key words Land use Dynamic index Temporal-spatial dynamics

DOI:

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(641KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

相关信息

▶ 本刊中 包含"土地利用"的 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 陈文波
- 崔丽娟
- 赵小》凡

通讯作者