

Optimized Slowdown in Real-Time Task Systems via Geometric Programming

A. Mutapcic, S. Murali, S. Boyd, R. Gupta, D. Atienza, and G. De Micheli

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- [gp_task_slowdown.pdf](#)
- [solve_task_gp.m](#), which needs [gpposy.m](#), a compact version of the GPPOSY solver from the GGPLAB package

In “Optimized slowdown in real-time task systems”, Jejurikar and Gupta investigated energy savings due to optimal slowdown of periodic tasks in real-time task systems, where tasks have varying power characteristics and task deadlines are less than the periods. The authors presented a bisection method for computing near-optimal constant slowdown factors, when all the tasks are assigned the same slowdown factor. For the case when tasks have different slowdown factors, they presented a method for computing near-optimal slowdown factors as a solution to a convex optimization problem, using the ellipsoid method. In this note, we show a method to cast the problem of finding near-optimal slowdown factors that minimize the total energy consumption as a geometric program (GP), which can be efficiently solved using modern interior-point methods. More importantly, we show that the problem of finding near-optimal constant slowdown factors has an analytic solution. We demonstrate the GP approach by solving several numerical instances using a publicly available interior-point GP solver.