



中文标题 检索 跨刊检索

## 中药注射剂临床使用管理模式的评价

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**中文摘要:**目的: 探讨系统化处方评估与干预工作模式对促进中药注射液临床合理应用的效果。方法: 运用系统化处方评估与干预工作模式, 组建专家组指导建立评估标准, 制定药师发药前处方审核规范, 综合制定医师合理用药干预策略, 并抽取医院门诊2010年第1季度(干预前)和2011年第1季度(干预后)全部中药注射液处方, 分别为2 543、3 122张, 进行合理性评估及干预前、后对照研究。结果: 干预后医院门诊中药注射液非适应症用药由干预前的3.44%降至干预后的2.66%( $P<0.05$ ), 禁忌症用药由干预前的2.14%降至1.33%( $P<0.05$ ), 不良反应发生率由干预前的1.01%降至0.29%( $P<0.05$ )。结论: 系统化处方评估与干预工作模式对于促进我院中药注射液临床合理应用的效果显著。

中文关键词: [中药注射液](#) [合理用药](#) [管理模式](#)

### Traditional Chinese medicine injection clinical use management model for evaluation

**Abstract: Objective:** Discussion on assessment and intervention models to promote the rational use of medicines of Chinese medicine injection effect. **Method:** Using systematic prescription assessment and intervention work mode, formed expert group guide established assessment standard, developed the prescription audit specification, and extracted all Chinese medicine injection prescription of outpatient 2010 first quarter (in front of intervention) and 2011 first quarter (behind intervention), respectively for 2 543 and 3 122. **Result:** The percent of the non-indication of medication in front of intervention outpatient fell from 3.44% to behind intervention of 2.66% ( $P<0.05$ ), the percent of contraindicated medication in front of intervention outpatient fell from 2.14% to behind intervention of 1.33% ( $P<0.05$ ), the incidence of adverse reactions in front of intervention outpatient fell from 1.01% to behind intervention of 0.29% ( $P<0.05$ ). **Conclusion:** The modes of prescription assessment and intervention have obvious results for the promotion of rational use of traditional Chinese medicine injections.

**keywords:** [traditional Chinese medicine injection](#) [rational use of medicines](#) [management model](#)

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