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0期临床试验与中药注射剂上市后临床安全性再评价

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中文摘要:中药注射剂不良反应时有发生,临床安全性问题亟待解决,需要进行上市后临床安全性再评价.过敏反应是不良反应评价的主要内容之一.对含有毒药材的中成药、有安全隐患的中药注射剂需要开展0期临床试验.0期临床试验使用“微剂量”研究周期内收集必要的药物安全性及药代动力学试验数据.微剂量可以反映中药注射剂的致敏情况.0期临床试验为上市后中药注射剂的安全性再评价提供了新的方法.是否进行0期临床试验,应依据品种是否有安全性问题而定;中药注射剂初始剂量以及样本含量的确定是研究设计的关键问题.

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## Phase 0 clinical trials and post-marketed re-evaluation of clinical safety in injection of traditional Chinese medicine

**Abstract:**Adverse drug reaction induced by injection of traditional Chinese medicine(TCM) often occurs. Post-marketed re-evaluation of clinical safety in injection of TCM is indispensable in order to solve the clinical safety problems. It is necessary to conduct Phase 0 clinical trials for containing toxic medicine and injection of TCM. Phase 0 clinical trials involving very limited human exposure and using microdose of drugs are intended to collect the necessary safety and pharmacokinetic data in limited period. Microdose reflects allergies of injection of TCM. Phase 0 clinical trials provide a new method for post-marketed re-evaluation of safety in injection of TCM. Its use depends on whether there is a safety problem for injection of TCM, and the determination of initial dose and sample size are key questions in study design.

**Keywords:**[phase 0 clinical trials](#) [microdose](#) [injection of traditional Chinese medicine](#) [post-marketed re-evaluation of clinical safety](#)

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