本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

论文

口服前药研究: 机遇与挑战

操锋:平其能:陈军

1. 中国药科大学 药剂学教研室, 江苏 南京 210038; 2. 南京工业大学 理学院, 江苏 南京 210009 摘要:

前药研究是提高生物药剂学分类系统中第III和IV类药物口服吸收的有效途径之一。本文综述了近年来口服前药研究的进展,主要包括经典前药设计和靶向前药设计。经典前药设计重在改善母体药物的油水分配系数或减少药物的代谢。靶向前药设计重在主动利用胃肠道的生理特性靶向组织、酶及肠内流转运器,其中靶向小肠内流转运器-肽类转运器的口服前药成为目前研究的热点。前药研究还面临选题,设计和体内研究等方面的挑战。

关键词: 口服吸收 靶向前药 肽类转运器

Research of oral prodrugs: opportunities and challenges

CAO Feng; PING Qi-neng; CHEN Jun

Abstract:

Prodrug is an effective way to improve the oral absorption of the drugs which belong to Biopharmaceuticals Classification System (BCS) class III and IV. This review addresses the progress of the oral prodrugs in recent years, mainly including classical prodrug design and targeted prodrug design. Classical prodrug design is focused on modification of oil-water partition coefficient or decrease the metabolism of parent drugs. Targeted prodrug design is actively concerned with the physiological characteristics of the gastrointestinal tract to target tissues, enzymes and influx transporters. Intestinal influx transporter, the peptide transporter-targeted prodrug design is a growing field of the research of oral prodrugs recently. Challenges of prodrug strategy, design and investigation *in vivo* are also discussed.

Keywords: targeted prodrug peptide transporter oral absorption

收稿日期 2007-11-05 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者: 平其能

作者简介:

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

1. 沙先谊; 方晓玲. 自微乳化系统对细胞紧密连接蛋白的影响[J]. 药学学报, 2006,41(1): 30-35

文章评论 (请注意:本站实行文责自负,请不要发表与学术无关的内容!评论内容不代表本站观点.)

反馈人	邮箱地址	
反		

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- PDF(1193KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文]
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶引用本文
- Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

- ▶□服吸收
- ▶ 靶向前药
- ▶ 肽类转运器

本文作者相关文章

- ▶操锋
- ▶ 平其能
- ▶ 陈军

PubMed

- Article by
- Article by
- Article by

馈标题		验证码	8578
-----	--	-----	------

Copyright 2008 by 药学学报