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论文

红海榄叶的化学组成及其生物活性

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摘要:

关键词: 红海榄 叶片 化学成分 肿瘤细胞 脾淋巴细胞

Chemical constituents in the leave of *Rhizophora stylosa* L and their biological activities

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Abstract:

Ten compounds were isolated from the leaves of *Rhizophora stylosa*, one kind of mangrove plants distributed in the tropical and subtropical areas of the world. Their structures were identified as taraxerone (1), taraxerol (2), β -sitosterol (3), careaborin (4), *cis*-careaborin (5), β -daucosterol (6), isovanillic acid (7), protocatechuic acid (8), astilbin (9) and rutin (10), among which compound 9 and 10 were reported in this plant for the first time. Of these compounds, compound 2 has been confirmed to have the abilities to inhibit the growth of Hela and BGC-823 with IC₅₀ of 73.4 µmol·L⁻¹ and 73.3 µmol·L⁻¹, respectively. Compound 5 could inhibit the growth of BGC-823 and MCF-7 with IC₅₀ of 45.9 µmol·L⁻¹ and 116.0 µmol·L⁻¹, respectively. Compound 9 and 10 were firstly reported to stimulate the proliferation of mice splenic lymphocytes markedly in a dose-dependent manner.

Keywords: leave chemical constituent tumor cell splenic lymphocyte Rhizophora stylosa

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