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甘草次酸对苯并芘诱发DNA损伤及非程序DNA合成的影响

陈晓光:韩锐

中国医学科学院,中国协和医科大学药物研究所,北京100050

摘要:

甘草次酸(GA)是甘草的有效成分之一。实验结果表明,GA能够抑制巴豆油诱发的小鼠耳肿胀和鸟氨酸脱羧酶(ODC) 活性。甘草次酸对由苯并芘所诱发的DNA损伤有一定的保护作用,同时还降低强致癌剂苯并芘所引起的非程序DNA 合成。结果提示GA是一种有前途的癌化学预防药。

关键词: 甘草次酸 DNA损伤保护 非程序DNA合成 癌的化学预防

## EFFECT OF GLYCYRRHETINIC ACID ON DHA DAMAGE AND UNSCHEDULED DNA SYNTHESIS INDUCED BY BENZO(a) PYRENE

XG Chen and R Han

#### Abstract:

Glycyrrhetinic acid(GA)is an active component of Glycyrrhiza uralensis Fisch. In this study, the effects of glycyrrhetinic acid on DNA damage and unscheduled DNA synthesis inducedby benzo(a)pyrene were studied. Mouse ear edema was visible obviously at the 6th h after topical application of single dose croton oil. A opical application of croton oil on the back of ICR mice for 5h, induced elevation of ornithine decarboxylase(ODC)activity in epidermal. The administration of glycyrrhetinic acid(50~200 mg·kg<sup>-1</sup>·d<sup>-1</sup>) to animals for 3 days exhibited 20%~80%inhibition of epidermal ornithine decarboxylase activity in a dose-dependent manner.Benzo(a)pyreneobviously caused DNA damage and unscheduled DNA synthesis mediated by So fraction in Chinesehamster lung cell line. Glycyrrhetinic acid was found to protect the rapid DNA damage induced bybenzo(a)pyrene.At concentration of 5µg· mL-1,glycyrrhetinic acid exhibited 70% protection.At20µg·mL<sup>-1</sup>, this action was more potent and approached to 80%. The addition Article by of hydroxyurea 10mmol·L<sup>-1</sup> suppressed DNA replicative synthesis to 84.4% and benzo(a)pyrene stimulated the DNA repair synthesis (6-fold). Glycyrrhetinic acid (20µg· mL<sup>-1</sup> and 50µg· mL<sup>-1</sup> significantly decreased the stimulation of DNA repair synthesis induced by benzo(a) pyrene. This suggests that glycyrrhetinic acid has effective anti-initiating and ant-promoting activities and could be used forcancer chemopreventive purpose.

Glycyrrhetinic acid

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