



 **Current Issue**

 **Browse Issues**

 **Search**



 **About this Journal**

 **Instruction to Authors**

 **Online Submission**

 **Subscription**

 **Contact Us**



 **RSS Feed**

Acta Medica Iranica

2009;47(4) : 8-15

Assessment of Ail Gene Marker Amplicon for Molecular Characterization of Pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica* in Food Samples Collected in Iran

MR Khorramzadeh, MM Soltan-Dallal, F Safavifar, F Saadat, S Rezaie, S Hashemi, M Taremi, S Ardalan, MR Zali

Abstract:

Background: To assess the utility of the chromosomal *ail* virulence gene sequence for detection of pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica* in raw meat food products (beef, lamb, and chicken).

Methods: This study included 39 *Yersinia enterocolitica* positive cultures from suspicious food samples, in a working period of six months. These samples were referred to the "Food-Borne Diseases and Chronic Diarrhea Lab at Research Centre for Gastric and Liver Diseases" of the Taleghani Hospital at Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, Iran. Isolates from 8 cultured *Y. intermedia*, *Y. aldovi*, *Y. intermedia* type O:45, *Y. kristensenii*, *Y. enterocolitica* type O:12/26, *Y. enterocolitica* type 1/7/8, *Y. frederiksenii* type O:39, and *Y. enterocolitica* type O:8 samples were included in the study. Four non-*Yersinia* species *Salmonella typhi*, *Shigella dysenteriae*, *Shigella flexeneri*, and *Proteus mirabilis* were used for specificity testing. An established *Yersinia* type O:9 was used as positive control and for sensitivity testing. An in-house real-time PCR assay was designed in order to rapidly and specifically identifies the presence of specific *Yersinia* species.

Results: Out of 39 tested *Y. enterocolitica* samples, 6(2.3%) showed positive results for the *ail* gene PCR product, typed as O:8, and O:9, respectively. PCR products were sent for sequencing. Two sequences were registered with the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI Genbank) as polymorphic *ail* gene sequences under the accession numbers of DQ157767 and DQ003329.

Conclusions: Collectively, this test is well adapted for definite confirmation of pathogenic *Y. enterocolitica* in food samples.

Keywords:

[Ggenetic markers](#) . [Real- time systems](#) . [Molecular sequencing data](#)

TUMS ID: 3809

Full Text HTML  Full Text PDF  319 KB

top ▲

[Home](#) - [About](#) - [Contact Us](#)

TUMS E. Journals 2004-2009
Central Library & Documents Center
Tehran University of Medical Sciences

Best view with Internet Explorer 6 or Later at 1024*768 Resolutions