震区防病

汶川地震灾区内脏利什曼病传播潜势初步评估

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摘要

收集四川和甘肃两省2005年以来内脏利什曼病报告病例数并进行分析。2005-2007年和2008年1~6月,四川省分别报告内脏利什曼病59、49、77和30例,甘肃省分别报告内脏利什曼病92、106、162和83例。由于地震后内脏利什曼病传染源有增多趋势,无主犬和易感人群大量增加,医疗诊治体系破坏严重,可能对利什曼病的流行产生影响、有增加传播的趋势。

关键词 地震;内脏利什曼病;传播潜势;评估

分类号

Preliminary Evaluation on the Transmission Potential of Visceral Leishmaniasis after Earthquake in Wenchuan

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Abstract

Data of visceral leishmaniasis cases since 2005 were collected through the National Infectious Disease Monitoring System. Number of reported cases in 2005, 2006, 2007 and January to June in 2008 was 59, 49, 77 and 30 in Sichuan Province, and 92, 106, 162 and 83 respectively in Gansu Province. With an increase of the number of stray dogs and susceptible human population, damage of the medical services including diagnosis and treatment capacity after the earthquake, there might be a strengthened transmission potential and possible spread of the disease.

Key words Earthquake; Visceral leishmaniasis; Transmission potential; Evaluation

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