



田鼠巴贝虫可溶性抗原组分分析及其初步应用

张加¹, 司晨晨², 蔡玉春¹, 卢艳¹, 陈韶红¹, 陈家旭^{1*}

1. 中国疾病预防控制中心寄生虫病预防控制所, 世界卫生组织疟疾、血吸虫病和丝虫病合作中心, 卫生部寄生虫与病原生物学重点实验室, 上海 200025;
2. 上海交通大学医学院, 上海 200025

Component analysis and preliminary application of soluble antigens of Babesia microti

ZHANG Jia¹, SI Chen-chen², CAI Yu-chun¹, LU Yan¹, CHEN Shao-hong¹, CHEN Jia-xu^{1*}

- (1. National Institute of Parasitic Diseases, Chinese Center for Disease Control Prevention/WHO Collaborating Center for Malaria, Schistosomiasis and Filariasis / Key Laboratory of Parasite and Vector Biology, MOH, Shanghai 200025, China;
2. School of Medicine, Shanghai Jiaotong University, Shanghai 200025, China)

摘要

参考文献

相关文章

Download: [RICH HTML](#) ^{NEW} href=".../article/downloadArticleFile.do?attachType=PDF&id=23153" >PDF (797KB) [HTML](#) 1KB Export: [BibTeX](#) or [EndNote \(RIS\)](#)
[Supporting Info](#)

摘要 目的 分析田鼠巴贝虫可溶性抗原, 寻找可用于免疫诊断的有效抗原组分。方法 用田鼠巴贝虫感染BALB/c小鼠, 待虫血症达高峰期时, 收集田鼠巴贝虫虫体; 采用超声法制备可溶性粗抗原(soluble babesia antigens, SBA)并包板, ELISA检测血清特异性IgG, 评价SBA的免疫反应性、交叉反应性和特异性; 以SDS-PAGE电泳分析SBA组分, 并进行Western Blot, 分析其与感染鼠血清的反应性。结果 SBA-ELISA法可检测早期感染(7 d)小鼠血清, 且与恶性疟、间日疟弓形虫病阳性血清无交叉反应, 显示出其较好的诊断敏感性和较高的特异性。通过SDS-PAGE分析, 获得5条分子质量为72、66、60、53、43 kDa的主蛋白带和介于14.4~116 kDa的7条次带。经Western Blot分析, SBA有15个抗原组分能被阳性小鼠血清识别, 以72、53、43、39、30 kDa蛋白组分反应较强。结论 以SBA建立的间接ELISA可用于巴贝虫感染的有效筛查工具; 田鼠巴贝虫可溶性抗原组分中72、53、43、39、30kDa为比较理想的抗原组分。

Service

- [把本文推荐给朋友](#)
- [加入我的书架](#)
- [加入引用管理器](#)
- [Email Alert](#)
- [RSS](#)

作者相关文章

- [张加](#)
- [司晨晨](#)
- [蔡玉春](#)
- [卢艳](#)
- [陈韶红](#)
- [陈家旭](#)

关键词: 田鼠巴贝虫 可溶性抗原 SDS-PAGE Western bolt ELISA

Abstract: The soluble antigens of *Babesia microti* were analyzed in this study to screen effective antigen components for immunologic diagnosis. BALB/c mice were infected with *Babesia microti* (*B. microti*) and then polypide of *B. microti* was collected when parasitemia reached the peak. The soluble *Babesia* antigens (SBA) were prepared by Ultrasonic method. ELISA with SBA was applied to detect specific IgG in sera from *B. microti*-infected BALB/c mice and to evaluate reactogenicity and specificity of SBA. SDS-PAGE was used to analyze the component of SBA, and Western blot was used to analyze the reactivity with serum of infected mice. Results indicated that the established SBA-ELISA method could detect specific antibodies as early as 7 days post-infection in sera from BALB/c mice, which showed no cross reaction with positive serum of *Plasmodium falciparum*, *Plasmodium vivax* and *Toxoplasma gondii*, thus indicating good sensitivity and specialty. In SDS-PAGE, 5 main protein bands with molecular mass at 72, 66, 60, 53, and 43 kDa and 7 minor bands at 14.4-116 kDa were obtained. In Western blot analysis, 15 antigen components in SBA could be recognized by positive serum of mice, during which protein component at 72, 53, 43, 39, and 30 kDa showed strong reaction. The results demonstrated that SBA components of *B. microti* are complex, during which antigen component at 72, 53, 43, 39, and 30 kDa were ideal, while their characteristics and diagnostic effect need to be further discussed.

Keywords: *Babesia microti* soluble *Babesia* antigens SDS-PAGE Western bolt ELISA

Received 2014-02-12;

Corresponding Authors: 陈家旭, Email: chenjiaxu1962@163.com

引用本文:

张加, 司晨晨, 蔡玉春, 卢艳, 陈韶红, 陈家旭. 田鼠巴贝虫可溶性抗原组分分析及其初步应用[J] 中国人兽共患病学报, 2014, V30(5): 469-472

ZHANG Jia, SI Chen-chen, CAI Yu-chun, LU Yan, CHEN Shao-hong, CHEN Jia-xu. Component analysis and priliminary application of soluble antigens of *Babesia microti*[J] Chinese Journal of Zoonoses, 2014, V30(5): 469-472

链接本文:

<http://www.rsghb.cn/CN/10.3969/cjz.j.issn.1002-2694.2014.05.008> 或
<http://www.rsghb.cn/CN/Y2014/V30/I5/469>