## 《上一篇/Previous Article 本期目录/Table of Contents 下一篇/Next Article》

[1] 蒋平,关伟,戴楠,等. DNA损伤修复基因以及TS、β-tubulinⅢ在骨肉瘤中的表达及其与临床病理的关系[J]. 第三军医大学学报,2013,35(01):61-65.

Jiang Ping, Guan Wei, Dai Nan, et al. Expression of DNA damage repair genes, thymidylate synthase and β-tubulin Ⅲ in human osteosarcoma tissues and its relationship with clinical pathology of osteosarcoma[J]. J Third Mil Med Univ, 2013, 35(01):61-65.

## 点击复制

## DNA损伤修复基因以及TS、B-tubulinIII在骨肉瘤中床病理的关系(PDF)

《第三军医大学学报》[ISSN:1000-5404/CN:51-1095/R] 卷: 35 期数: 2013年第01期 页码: 61-65 栏目: 论著 出版日期: 2013-01-15

Title: Expression of DNA damage repair genes, thymidylate synthase and **B**-

tubulin III in human osteosarcoma tissues and its relationship with

clinical pathology of osteosarcoma

作者: 蒋平; 关伟; 戴楠; 仲召阳; 毛承毅; 顾咸庆; 王东

第三军医大学大坪医院野战外科研究所肿瘤中心

Author(s): Jiang Ping; Guan Wei; Dai Nan; Zhong Zhaoyang; Mao Chengyi; Gu

Xianqing; Wang Dong

Cancer Center, Institute of Surgery Research, Daping Hospital, Third Military

Medical University, Chongqing, 400042, China

关键词: 骨肉瘤; DNA损伤修复基因; 组织芯片; 免疫组织化学

Keywords: osteosarcoma; DNA damage repair gene; tissue microarray;

immunohistochemistry

分类号: R394.2; R730.23; R738.1

DOI: -

文献标识码: A

摘要: 目的 探讨人骨肉瘤组织中DNA损伤修复基因以及TS、B-tubulin III多个化疗反应相

关标志物的表达谱特点,及其与临床病理的关系。 方法 选取50例诊断明确的

骨肉瘤患者组织蜡块,运用组织芯片和免疫组化技术检测OGG1、BRCA1、RRM1、XRCC1、APE1、ERCC1以及TS、B-tubulin<sub>III</sub> 8种基因在骨肉瘤组织中的表达情况。

结果 ①OGG1、BRCA1、RRM1、XRCC1、APE1、ERCC1在骨肉瘤组织中呈阳性表

达,阳性率分别为96%、94%、94%、84%、74%,强阳性率为64%、76%、54%、72%、48%、2%,而TS仅有6例有弱阳性表达, B-tubulinⅢ无阳性表达。②阳性表达的基

因中,仅APE1表达与骨肉瘤的组织病理类型具有相关性(P<0.05)。③等级相关分

析, APE1和RRM1、APE1和OGG1、OGG1和BRCA1表达呈正相关(*r*=0.342、0.318、0.319, *P*<0.05), BRCA1和ERCC1表达呈负相关(*r*=-0.324, *P*<0.05); APE1和

XRCC1、RRM1和XRCC1的表达也呈正相关(*r*=0.406、0.677, *P*<0.01)。 结论

骨肉瘤组织中存在多种DNA损伤修复相关基因的表达,其中部分基因的表达强弱之间具

有相关性, APE1的表达强弱与肺癌病理类型有关。

Abstract: Objective To explore the expression profiles of multiple chemotherapy-

related markers of DNA damage repair genes and thymidylate synthase (TS) B-

导航/NAVIGATE

本期目录/Table of Contents

下一篇/Next Article

上一篇/Previous Article

工具/TOOLS

引用本文的文章/References

下载 PDF/Download PDF(1325KB)

立即打印本文/Print Now

推荐给朋友/Recommend

查看/发表评论/Comments

统计/STATISTICS

摘要浏览/Viewed 134

全文下载/Downloads 65

评论/Comments

RSS XML

tubulin III in human osteosarcoma tissues and their relationship with clinical pathology of osteosarcoma. Methods Fifty cases of osteosarcoma tissue paraffin blocks were obtained from the patients with diagnosed osteosarcoma. Tissue microarray and immunohistochemical method were applied to detect gene expression levels of OGG1, BRCA1, RRM1, XRCC1, APE1, ERCC1, TS and B-tubulin III in the osteosarcoma tissues. Results ①OGG1, BRCA1, RRM1, XRCC1, APE1 and ERCC1 were positively expressed in osteosarcoma tissues with the positive rates of 96%, 94%, 94%, 84%, 84% and 74%, respectively, and their strongly positive rates were 64%, 76%, 54%, 72%, 48% and 2%, respectively. There were only 6 cases showed weakly positive expression of TS, and β-tubulin [[] was negative in osteosarcoma tissues. ②In the positively expressed genes, only APE1 expression was correlated with osteosarcoma pathological types (P<0.05). (3) The results of rank correlation analysis showed that APE1 expression was positively correlated with the expression of RRM1, OGG1 and XRCC1 (P<0.05, P<0.01), OGG1 expression was positively correlated with BRCA1 expression (P<0.05), RRM1 expression was positively correlated with and XRCC1 expression (P<0.01), but the expression of BRCA1 was negatively correlated with ERCC1 expression (P<0.05). Conclusion Several types of DNA damage repair genes are expressed in osteosarcoma tissues, and some of their expression levels have Spearman rank correlations. The characteristics of the chemotherapy-related gene expression in osteosarcoma may have significance for individual chemotherapy in patients with osteosarcoma.

## 参考文献/REFERENCES

蒋平,关伟,戴楠,等. DNA损伤修复基因以及TS、β-tubulin ${\rm III}$ 在骨肉瘤中的表达及其与临床病理的关系[J].第三军医大学学报,2013,35(1):61-65.

备注/Memo: -

更新日期/Last Update: 2012-12-31