本期目录 | 下期目录 | 过刊浏览 | 高级检索

[打印本页] [关闭]

论文

EGFR对食管癌同步放化疗敏感性预测价值的初步观察

李强,杨哲,赵瑛,韩俊庆

山东大学附属省立医院肿瘤中心, 济南 250021

摘要:

目的 研究表皮生长因子受体 (EGFR) 对食管癌患者放化疗敏感性的预测作用。方法 收集35例初治食管癌患者的病理组织,应用免疫组化SP法检测EGFR的表达情况,按是否存在EGFR过表达将所有患者分为2组,同时回顾性分析入组患者的同步放化疗效果,比较两组间的疗效差异。结果 EGFR阳性组与阴性组的同步放化疗完全缓解 (CR)率分别为57.7%(15/26)以及11.1%(1/9),两组间差异有统计学意义(P=0.022)。结论 EGFR可能有助于预测食管癌的同步放化疗敏感性。

关键词: 食管肿瘤; 同步放化疗; 表皮生长因子受体; 敏感性

A preliminary study toward validating EGFR expression in esophageal carcinoma as used to predict the sensitivity to chemoradiotherapy

LI Qiang, YANG Zhe, ZHAO Ying, HAN Jun-qing

Center for Oncology, Provincial Hospital Affiliated to Shandong University, Jinan 250021, China

Abstract:

Objective To study the usefulness of EGFR expression as applied to predict the sensitivity to chemoradiotherapy in esophageal carcinoma. Method Tissue samples were collected from 35 esophageal cancer patients before any treatment was done. Immunohistochemistry was performed for EGFR. Chemoradiotherapy was carried about on all patients, and the sensitivity was reviewed against the immunohistochemical staining patterns. Result The complete response rate (CR) in the EGFR-positive group and EGFR-negative group was 57.7% (15/26) and 11.1% (1/9), respectively, showing a significant difference(P=0.022). Conclusion This observation suggests that EGFR expression level (YES vs NO) may help predict the sensitivity to chemoradiotherapy for esophageal carcinoma.

Keywords: Esophageal neoplasms; Concurrent chemoradiation; Epidermal growth factor receptor; Sensitivity

收稿日期 2011-09-28 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者: 韩俊庆(1960-),男,教授,主要从事放射肿瘤学的研究。 E-mail: hanjunqing1960@126.com

作者简介:李强(1985-),男,硕士研究生,主要从事肿瘤学的研究。

作者Email:

参考文献:

本刊中的类似文章

Copyright by 山东大学学报(医学版)

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ PDF(1909KB)
- ▶ [HTML全文]
- ▶参考文献[PDF]
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶浏览反馈信息

本文关键词相关文章

食管肿瘤;同步放化疗;表皮生长因子受体;敏感性

本文作者相关文章

PubMed