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论著

SH2B1调控JAK2/IRS2在肥胖症发病中的分子机制

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摘要:

目的: 研究JAK2接头蛋白SH2B1调控JAK2/IRS2在肥胖症发病中的作用及其分子机制。方法: 采用高效稳定表达瘦素受体的细胞株HEK239LRb和SH2B1基因缺失小鼠, Western印迹、[γ -32P]-ATP体外激活分析法分析瘦素信号通路关键分子JAK2和IRS2的酪氨酸磷酸化水平; ELISA法测定小鼠血清瘦素水平; 检测出生后至27周小鼠体质量。结果: 在高效稳定表达瘦素受体细胞株HEK239LRb中, SH2B1³显著增强瘦素刺激的JAK2激酶活性和IRS2磷酸化; 在SH2B1基因缺失小鼠中, 瘦素刺激JAK2激酶活性和IRS2酪氨酸磷酸化水平均显著降低; 无论空腹还是随机给食, SH2B1基因缺失小鼠血清瘦素水平均升高并发展为高瘦素血症, 其血清瘦素水平与同窝野生型小鼠相比分别增加3.2倍和5.1倍。5周后, SH2B1基因缺失小鼠体质量逐渐增加, 21周龄时, 大约为同窝野生型小鼠2倍。结论: JAK2接头蛋白SH2B1是内源性瘦素敏感性增强子, 通过瘦素JAK2/IRS2信号通路参与瘦素对体质量的调节, SH2B1基因缺失小鼠易发展为高瘦素血症及肥胖。

关键词: SH2B1 肥胖症 胰岛素受体底物-2 瘦素信号通路

Molecular mechanism of SH2B1 in regulating JAK2/IRS2 during obesity development

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Abstract:

ObjectiveIn order to investigate the effect of SH2B1 on leptin signal transduction JAK2/IRS2 and its biological function.MethodsVitro kinase assay and Western blot were used to analyse tyrosine phosphorylation of key molecule JAK2 and insulin receptor substrate-2 (IRS2). ELISA was used to measure the plasma leptin levels in mice. The postnatal growth of mice was monitored over 27 weeks. ResultsSH2B1 dramatically enhanced the leptin-stimulated tyrosine phosphorylation of JAK2 and IRS2 in HEK293 cells stably expressing LRb (HEK239LRb). Leptin-stimulated activation of hypothalamic JAK2 and phosphorylation of hypothalamic IRS2 were significantly impaired in SH2B1^{-/-} mice. The deletion of SH2B1 led to leptin resistance, and fasting and randomly fed plasma leptin levels were respectively 3.2 times and 5.1 times higher in SH2B1^{-/-} males than wild-type littermates at 15 weeks of age. SH2B1^{-/-} males gained body weight rapidly and exceeded wild-type littermates from 5th week. SH2B1^{-/-} (at 21 weeks) was approximately twice heavier than wild-type littermates.ConclusionSH2B1 is an endogenous enhancer of leptin sensitivity and required for maintaining normal bodyweight in mice via leptin JAK2/IRS2 pathway.

Keywords: SH2B1; obesity; insulin receptor substrate-2; leptin signal pathway SH2B1; obesity; insulin receptor substrate-2; leptin signal pathway

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