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Puma抑制卵巢癌细胞生长及其机制研究 分享到

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Title: Function and significance of Puma inhibiting ovarian carcinoma growth through inducing cell apoptosis

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摘要: **目的** 探讨Puma对于卵巢癌细胞生长及体内成瘤的影响,了解其行使功能的分子机制。**方法** 采用腺病毒载体实现Puma在卵巢癌细胞中的过表达,并通过CCK-8检测细胞增殖情况,通过Annexin-V染色测定细胞凋亡情况,通过小鼠荷瘤实验确定卵巢癌细胞体内成瘤能力。并进一步通过Western blot的方法检测了细胞凋亡相关基因Caspase-9和Bax蛋白的表达及定位情况。**结果** 成功构建hTERT基因启动子介导的Puma基因腺病毒表达载体,并实现Puma基因在卵巢癌细胞中的过表达,过表达Puma后,卵巢癌细胞增殖被明显抑制($P<0.05$),细胞凋亡增加,从对照组细胞的7.2%增加为过表达组的29%($P<0.05$),且在小鼠体内的成瘤能力下降,所产生肿瘤组织的平均质量由0.53 g降至0.22 g($P<0.05$)。**结论** Puma通过激活细胞内Caspase-9的活性、促使Bax从胞质转移至线粒体、促进细胞凋亡信号传导诱导细胞凋亡,从而抑制卵巢癌细胞增殖及体内成瘤能力。

Abstract: **Objective** To investigate the function and mechanism of p53 up-regulated modulator of apoptosis (Puma) in inhibiting ovarian carcinoma cell growth *in vitro* and *in vivo*. **Methods** Overexpression of Puma in ovarian carcinoma cell line COC1 was achieved by adenovirus vectors. Cell proliferation was detected using CCK-8 kit, meanwhile the percentage of apoptotic cells was identified by Annexin V staining. The mouse xenograft model was established to detect the inhibition on ovarian carcinoma cell growth *in vivo*. The expression of caspase 9 and Bax was detected by Western blotting. **Results** Puma was successfully

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over-expression in COC1 cells using the established adenovirus expression vector. Over-expression of Puma inhibited the cell proliferation of COC1 cells evidently ($P<0.05$) and increased the percentage of apoptotic cells to 29% as compared to 7.2% in the control ($P<0.05$). Meanwhile, Puma inhibited the tumorigenicity of ovarian carcinoma cells *in vivo*. The average weight of xenografts was 0.22 g in the Puma overexpression group, significantly lower than 0.53 g in the control group ($P<0.05$). Conclusion Puma plays a tumor-suppressor role in ovarian carcinoma. Puma inhibits cell proliferation, induces cell apoptosis partially through activating caspase 9 and inducing Bax translocation to mitochondria and also inhibits the tumorigenicity *in vivo*.

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