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## 非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药与皮肤癌风险关联的Meta分析

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1. 510515,中国,非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药

2. 非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药 3. 非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药

关键词

### Association of Non-aspirin Non-steroidal Anti-inflammatory Drugs and Risk of Skin Cancer: A Meta-analysis

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摘要

目的 评价非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药与皮肤癌风险关联的Meta分析。方法 检索PubMed、Medline、EMBASE、BIOSIS、Cochrane图书馆和CNKI数据库,根据纳入标准进行文献筛选、质量评估和数据收集。计算比值比(OR)和95%置信区间(CI),并用Stata 10.0进行Meta分析。结果 纳入12项独立研究,共482 264例皮肤癌患者。 pooled OR为1.00, 95% CI为0.98~1.02。结论 尚无足够证据证明非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药与皮肤癌风险显著相关。仍需进行大规模临床随机对照试验以证实结果。

关键词 非阿司匹林非甾体抗炎药 皮肤癌 Meta分析

#### Abstract

Objective To evaluate the association between non-aspirin non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and risk of skin cancer. Methods References about non-aspirin non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs and risk of skin cancer were identified in PubMed, Medline, EMBASE, BIOSIS, Cochrane library and CNKI. Literature screening, quality assessment and data collection were done according to the inclusion criteria. Odds ratios (ORs) and 95% confidence intervals (CIs) were calculated and publication bias were assessed by Stata 10.0. A fixed-effect model was used to combine all original data when there is no statistically significant heterogeneity. Results A total of 12 independent studies from 10 articles consisting of 482 264 skin cancer patients were included in the analysis. The pooled OR was 1.00 and 95% CI was 0.98-1.02. Conclusion No enough evidence could prove non-aspirin non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs are significantly related to the risk of skin cancer. Large clinical randomized controlled trials are still needed to confirm the result.

Key words Non-aspirin non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs Skin cancer Meta-analysis

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