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Detailed Consideration of Physicochemical Properties of CO₃apatites

as Biomaterials in Relation to Carbonate Content Using ICP, X-ray Diffraction, FT-IR, SEM, and HR-TEM

<u>Rie YOKOTA¹</u>, <u>Hidetaka HAYASHI¹</u>, <u>Isao HIRATA¹</u>, <u>Yasuo MIAKE¹</u>, <u>Takaaki</u> <u>YANAGISAWA²</u> and <u>Masayuki OKAZAKI¹</u>

1) Department of Biomaterials Science, Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences, Hiroshima University

2) Department of Ultrastructural Science, Tokyo Dental College

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Abstract:

 CO_3 apatites with different carbonate contents were synthesized at $60\pm1^{\circ}C$ and pH 7.4 ±0.2

under different carbonate concentrations (0-0.3 mol/ L) in the supplied solutions. Their physicochemical properties were analyzed using various methods. Inductively coupled plasma gave accurate chemical analysis data for calcium and phosphate contents. X-ray diffraction analysis showed a clear chemical shift at high carbonate content. A CO_3^{2-}

absorption peak area approximately proportional to carbonate content was observed through Fourier transmission infrared spectroscopy. Scanning electron microscopy and high-resolution transmission electron microscopy revealed a dramatic change of the crystal shape. Osteoblast proliferation at the surface of each CO₃apatite-collagen sponge indicated

that osteoblasts deformed to expand and cover the surface of the sponge, and appeared to adhere well to the sponge.

Key words: <u>CO₃apatites</u>, <u>Carbonate contents</u>, <u>Detailed analyses</u>





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