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论文

血管内栓塞治疗烟雾病相关性颅内动脉瘤

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山东大学 1.附属济南市中心医院神经外科,济南 250013; 2. 附属山东省立医院神经外科,济南,250021 摘要:

目的 探讨烟雾病相关性颅内动脉瘤的血管内栓塞治疗方法。方法 回顾性分析5例经血管内治疗的烟雾病相关性颅内动脉瘤患者的临床资料。结果 5例患者中4例表现为蛛网膜下腔出血,1例表现为脑室内出血。动脉瘤4例为主要动脉型动脉瘤,1例为外周动脉型动脉瘤,均行血管内栓塞治疗,恢复良好。结论 血管内栓塞治疗烟雾病相关性动脉瘤是有效的方法。

关键词: 动脉瘤: 烟雾病: 栓塞

Endovascular treatment for intracranial aneurysms associated with Moyamoya disease

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Abstract:

Objective To explore endovascular treatment for intracranial aneurysms associated with Moyamoya disease. Methods The clinical data of five cases of intracranial aneurysm associated with Moyamoya disease treated with embolization were retrospectively analyzed. Results Four of five cases presented subarachnoid hemorrhage and one intraventricular hemorrhage. Four cases belonged to the major artery type and one peripheral artery type. All of the aneurysms were successfully embolized. All patients had excellent clinical outcomes. Conclusion Endovascular treatment is feasible for aneurysms associated with Moyamoya disease.

Keywords: Aneurysm; Moyamoya disease; Embolization

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