《上一篇/Previous Article|本期目录/Table of Contents|下一篇/Next Article»

[1]俞荷俊,乔淮燕,张戎,等.中学生攻击行为与自感青春发动时相及学校因素的关系[J].第三军医大学学报,2013,35(17):1843-1847.

Yu Hejun, Qiao Huaiyan, Zhang Rong, et al. Association of aggressive behavior with perceived pubertal timing and school factors in middle school students [J]. J Third Mil Med Univ, 2013, 35(17): 1843-1847.

点击复制

中学生攻击行为与自感青春发动时相及学校 享到:

《第三军医大学学报》[ISSN:1000-5404/CN:51-1095/R] 卷: 35 期数: 2013年第17 期 页码: 1843-1847 栏目: 论著 出版日期: 2013-09-15

Title: Association of aggressive behavior with perceived

pubertal timing and school factors in middle school

students

作者: 俞荷俊; 乔淮燕; 张戎; 周英; 姚荣英

安徽省蚌埠医学院:护理学系儿科教研室,预防医学系儿童少年卫生教

研室:安徽省蚌埠市第二人民医院外科:安徽省蚌埠市第七中学

Author(s): Yu Hejun; Qiao Huaiyan; Zhang Rong; Zhou Ying; Yao

Rongying

Department of Pediatrics, Faculty of Nursing; Department of Children's and Juvenile's Health, Faculty of Preventive Medicine, Bengbu Medical College, Bengbu, Anhui Province, 233030; Department of Surgery, Second People's Hospital of Bengbu, Anhui Province, 233000; Seventh Middle School of Bengbu,

Bengbu, Anhui Province, 233000, China

关键词: 青春发动时相;中学生;攻击行为;学校因素

Keywords: pubertal timing; middle school students; aggressive behavior;

school factors

分类号: G478; R339.31; R395.6

文献标志码: A

摘要: 目的 按不同性别探索中学生攻击行为与自感青春发动时相及学校因

素的关系。 方法 对2 791名中学生进行青春发育状况、攻击行为的问卷调查。 结果 不同自感青春发动时相中学生攻击行为得分差异有统计学意义 (F=14.676,P<0.05); 不同学校风气、师生关系、同学关系、好朋友数中学生攻击行为得分差异有统计学意义 (P<0.05); 多重线性回归显示,男生攻击行为的影响因素为学校风

导航/NAVIGATE

本期目录/Table of Contents

下一篇/Next Article

上一篇/Previous Article

工具/TOOLS

引用本文的文章/References

下载 PDF/Download PDF(448KB)

立即打印本文/Print Now

查看/发表评论/Comments

导出

统计/STATISTICS

摘要浏览/Viewed 162

全文下载/Downloads 81

评论/Comments

RSS XML

气、自感青春发动时相、师生关系(**B**分别为-0.134、-0.114、-0.098, *P*<0.05); 女生攻击行为的影响因素为师生关系、好朋友数、学校风气、自感青春发动时相(**B**分别为-0.120、-0.103、-0.102、-0.089, *P*<0.05)。 结论 自感青春发动时相及学校因素对中学生攻击行为的影响存在性别差异,在预防上应将时相偏离(提前或推迟)的男生,时相提前的女生列入重点对象。

Abstract:

Objective To explore the relationship between perceived pubertal timing together with school factors and the aggressive behavior in middle school students with different genders. A total of 2 791 middle school students were surveyed by a questionnaire for youth development status and aggressive behavior. Results The score of aggressive behavior was significantly different in middle school students with different perceived pubertal timing (F=14.676, P<0.05). The score of aggressive behavior was significantly different in middle school students with different general mood of school, relationship between classmates and teachers and the number of close friends (P<0.05). Multiple linear regression analysis indicated that the influencing factors of male students, aggressive behavior were general mood of school, perceived pubertal timing and the relationship with teachers (β =-0.134, -0.114, -0.098, respectively,