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间歇气压疗法用于治疗糖尿病周围神经病变的效果研究 [点此下载全文](#)

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摘要:

目的: 观察间歇气压疗法(IPC)对糖尿病周围神经病变(DPN)的疗效。方法: 选择90例2型糖尿病并发周围神经病变患者, 分别给予甲钴胺、下肢IPC以及两者联合治疗, 连续2周。结果: IPC可改善DPN患者症状(TSS总分下降 5.36 ± 1.37 分)并增加神经传导速度(MNCV改善 11.7 ± 4.1 m/s, SNCV改善 12.1 ± 5.2 m/s), 其疗效与甲钴胺相仿, 两者联合应用效果更为显著, 治疗过程中无不良反应。结论: IPC治疗DPN疗效确切, 使用安全。

关键词: [间歇气压疗法](#) [糖尿病周围神经病变](#) [传导速度](#)

The efficacy of intermittent pneumatic compression in treating the patients with diabetic peripheral neuropathy [Download Fulltext](#)

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Abstract:

Objective: To detect the efficacy of intermittent pneumatic compression (IPC) in the treatment of patients with diabetic peripheral neuropathy(DPN). Method: 90 cases DPN were respectively treated with mecobalamine, lower limbs IPC, combination IPC with mecobalamine for 2 weeks. Result: The symptoms of DPN were improved by 5.36 ± 1.37 of TSS and nerve conduction velocity was accelerated by 11.7 ± 4.1 m/s of MNCV and 12.1 ± 5.2 m/s of SNCV by IPC, the efficacy of IPC was similar to that of mecobalamine. The efficacy of combining IPC and mecobalamine was more significant than any single therapy. There was no adverse effects during the treatment. Conclusions: There was a sure efficacy and safe utilization for IPC in treating DPN.

Keywords: [intermittent pneumatic compression](#) [diabetic peripheral neuropathy](#) [conduction velocity](#)

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