[1]李宁山,刘迅,吴效明,等.人工神经网络在肾小球滤过率估算中的应用[J].第三军医大学学报,2012,34(05):409-411

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Title: Estimating glomerular filtration rate with artificial neural network: a model establishment

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关键词: 慢性肾脏病;肾小球滤过率;人工神经网络

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**摘要**: 目的 建立一个适用于中国慢性肾脏病人群的肾小球滤过率估算模型,基于人体体征及血清肌酐来估算肾小球滤过率。 方法 采用人工神 经网络方法中的广义回归神经网络(generalized regression neural network,GRNN)方法,基于562例训练样本集建立模型,在独立的269例验证

样本集中验证模型性能,与传统的统计学回归方法得到的GFR估算经验方程比较。 结果 与经验方程相比,神经网络模型具有更高的准确性 (P<0.05)。 结论 人工神经网络作为常用的机器学习方法之一,应用于生物医学信息处理时,比传统统计学方法具有更大的优势,利用该

方法建立的肾小球滤过率估算模型具有更好的估算精度。

Abstract: Objective To build a model to estimate glomerular filtration rate for Chinese patients with chronic kidney disease based on serum

physiological parameters and demographic characteristics. Methods Generalized regression neural network (GRNN), one approach of artificial neural network, was applied to build the model based on 562 training data set, and the performance of the model was validated in 269 validation data set. Then the results were compared with empirical equations derived from traditional regression method of statistics. Results Compared with empirical equations, the performance of artificial neural network was better in accuracy with

statistically significant differences (P<0.05). Conclusion Our study indicated that approach of artificial neural network, as a common machine learning method, is superior to the traditional statistical method in biomedical information processing. Our model to

estimate glomerular filtration rate is more accurate.

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