

疏血通注射液治疗急性脑梗死59例

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中文摘要:目的:评价疏血通治疗急性脑梗死(ACI)的临床疗效。方法:118例急性脑梗死患者随机分成治疗组和对照组。治疗组用疏血通注射液6 mL每日1次静脉滴注,15 d为1个疗程;采用通常的治疗方案,给予低分子右旋糖酐静滴,口服肠溶阿司匹林100 mg·d⁻¹,有脑水肿给予20%甘露醇脱水等常规治疗。评价治疗前和治疗后的神经功能缺损评分。结果:治疗组与对照组比较,神经功能缺损评分改善显著($P<0.01$),治疗组显效率高于对照组($P<0.01$)。结论:疏血通注射液治疗急性脑梗死比常规治疗效果更好,并且安全、简便和可靠。

中文关键词:急性脑梗死 疏血通注射液 药物治疗

Clinical Observation on Shuxuetong Injection in Treatment of Patients with Acute Cerebral Infarction

Abstract:Objective: To evaluate efficacy of Shuxuetong injection in treatment of patients with acute cerebral infarction. Method: One hundred and eighteen patients with acute cerebral infarction(ACI) were randomly divided into therapy group and control group. Therapy group was given Shuxuetong injection 6 mL by Intravenous infusion for 15 day, control group was given conventional therapy method. Neurologic defect scoring at admission and after treatment was performed. Result: Compared with control group, neurologic defect scoring in therapy group was improved significantly ($P<0.01$), the effective rate was higher than that in control group ($P<0.01$). Conclusion: Shuxuetong injection in treatment of patients with acute cerebral infarction has more significant effect, and the treatment is safe.

keywords: acute cerebral infarction Shuxuetong injection drug therapy

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