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认知干预训练对轻度认知功能障碍患者认知功能和事件相关电位P300的影响 [点此下载全文](#)

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摘要:

摘要目的: 探讨认知干预训练对轻度认知功能障碍 (MCI) 患者认知功能的影响和听觉事件相关电位P300改变的特点。方法: 2010年12月至2012年12月从潍坊社区筛选MCI患者50例作为研究对象, 随机分为两组, 应用简易精神状态量表 (MMSE) 和事件相关电位P300评估两组受试者训练前后的认知干预效果。结果: 干预前两组患者P300潜伏期、波幅及MMSE得分无显著性差异 ($P>0.05$) , 经过6个月的干预后, 干预组P300潜伏期 (350.90 ± 15.85) 比干预前缩短 ($P<0.05$) , 与对照组 (370.04 ± 21.25) 相比明显缩短 ($P<0.01$) ; 波幅 (12.01 ± 1.95) 与对照组相比增高 ($P<0.05$) ; MMSE得分 (26.19 ± 1.21) 比干预前增加 ($P<0.05$) , 与对照组 (24.52 ± 1.34) 相比明显增加 ($P<0.01$) 。对照组P300潜伏期、波幅及MMSE得分与6个月前相比变化均不明显 ($P>0.05$) 。结论: 认知训练可以有效延缓认知功能的下降, 明显改善MCI患者的认知功能状况。听觉事件相关电位P300测定可以作为对MCI患者干预前后认知功能定量评价的工具。

关键词: [认知干预训练](#) [听觉事件相关电位P300](#) [简易精神状态量表](#) [轻度认知功能障碍](#)

The effect of cognitive intervention training on cognitive ability and auditory event related potential P300 in patients with mild cognitive impairment [Download Fulltext](#)

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Abstract:

Abstract Objective: To discuss the affects of cognitive intervention training on cognitive ability and auditory event related potential P300 in patients with mild cognitive impairment (MCI). Method: Patients with MCI were randomly assigned either to cognitive intervention groups, receiving a 6-month cognitive intervention, or control group, receiving no intervention. Mini mental state examination (MMSE) and auditory event related potentials (ERPs) P300 test were administered at baseline and after six-month intervention to evaluate the intervention effect. Result: After six months, the P300 latency periods of intervention group (350.90 ± 15.85) were shorter than before ($P<0.05$), and significantly shortened compared with control group (370.04 ± 21.25 , $P<0.01$); The amplitude (12.01 ± 1.95) increased comparing with control group ($P<0.05$); the scores of MMSE (26.19 ± 1.21) were higher than before ($P<0.05$) and significantly higher compared with control group (24.52 ± 1.34) ($P<0.01$). The changes of P300 latency, amplitude and MMSE scores were not significant in control group ($P>0.05$). Conclusion: Cognitive training can effectively prolong the decline of cognitive function improve the cognitive function significantly in MCI patients. Auditory ERPs P300 test can be used as a quantitative evaluation tool of cognitive function before and after the intervention for MCI patients.

Keywords: [cognitive intervention training](#) [auditory event related potential P300](#) [mini mental state examination](#) [mild cognitive impairment](#)

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