

# 第二军医大墨 学报

ISSN 0258-8793 CN 31-1001/F



# ACADEMIC JOURNAL OF SECOND MILITARY MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

首页 | 期刊简介 | 编委会 | 投稿指南(稿约) | 邮政发行 | 广告刊登 | 相关下载 | FAQ | English

李石, 郭芳, 董惠, 王永利, Na+, K+-ATP酶参与缺氧所致大鼠皮质神经元内钙升高[J]. 第二军医大学学报, 2007, 28(1):0044-0047

# Wa+, K+-ATP酶参与缺氧所致大量皮质神经元内钙升高 点此下载全文

# 李石 郭芳 董惠 王永利

河北医科大学药理学教研室, 石家庄, 050017; 河北医科大学第二医院神经内科, 石家庄, 050017

#### 基金項目:

DOI: 10.3724/SP. J. 1008.2007.00044

## 猶要:

目的:探讨Na+,K+-ATP酶对缺氧所致大鼠皮质神经元内钙升高的影响.方法:采用激光共聚焦显微镜及可视化动缘探测系统,测定培养大鼠皮质神经元在缺氧不同时间和双氢哇巴因(DHO,一种Na+-K+-ATP酶抑制剂)不同浓度时细胞内钙离子浓度([Ca2+]i)和细胞内钠离子浓度([Na+]i),并观察DHO对缺氧后神经元[Ca2+]i和[Na+]i升高作用的影响.结果:DHO(10-9~10-3mo1/L)和缺氧(4~20 min)均可显著升高正常皮质神经元[Ca2+]i和[Na+]i,并分别具有剂量依赖性和时间依赖性.在缺氧4 min时皮质神经元[Ca2+]i和[Na+]i即明显升高,此时给予DHO 10-3mo1/L可使二者进一步升高;但当皮质神经元缺氧15 min后,再给予相同剂量的DHO则不能使[Ca2+]i和[Na+]i进一步增加;若对DHO(10-3mo1/L)预先升高[Ca2+]i的正常神经元再进行缺氧灌流,则[Ca2+]i不继续升高.结论:Na+,K+-ATP酶抑制是缺氧所致大鼠皮质神经元[Ca2+]i升高的机制之一.

**关键词:Nat K+-ATP酶** 神经元 缺氧

Involvement of Wa+,K+-ATPase in hypoxia-induced increase of cytosolic Ca2+ in rat cortical neurons Download Fulltext

LI Shi GUO Fang DONG Hui WANG Yong-li

## Fund Project:

# Abstract:

Objective: To investigate the effect of Na^+,K^+-ATPase on the increase of cytosolic Ca^2+ level induced by hypoxia in rat cortical neurons. Methods: Using confocal laser scanning microscope and video based motion edge detection system, we measured the intracellular Ca^2+ concentration ( [Ca2+]i ) and Na^+ concentration ( [Na^-]i ) in cortical neurons exposed to hypoxia for different time periods and at presence of different concentrations of dihydroousbain ( DHO, an inhibitor of Na^+,K^+-ATPase ). We also observed the effect ofNa^+,K^+-ATPase on the increase of cytosolic Ca^2+ level induced by hypoxia in rat cortical neurons. Results: DHO ( 10^-9-10^-3mol/L) dose-dependently and hypoxia ( 4-20 min ) time-dependently increased the levels of [Ca^2+] and [Na^+] in cultured cortical neurons. [Ca^2+]i and [Na^+]i increased their concentrations. While 15 min after bypoxia exposure, different concentrations of DHO ( 10^-3mol/L) further increased their concentrations. While 15 min after hypoxia exposure did not enhance DHO pretreatment-induced [Ca^2+]i increase. Couclusion: Inhibition of Na^+,K^+-ATPase activity is one of the mechanisms responsible for hypoxia-induced elevation of [Ca2+]i in cortical neurons.

Keywords: Na^+ K^+-ATPase neurons anoxia

查看全文 查看/发表评论 下载PDF阅读器

# 您是第102168位访问者

主办单位:第二军医大学 出版单位:《第二军医大学学报》编辑部

单位地址:上海市翔殷路800号 邮编:200433 电话:021-25074340(25074341,25074345)-824 传真:021-25074344 B-mail:bxue@smmu.edu.cn 本系统由北京勤云科技发展有限公司设计