信息报道

《中国寄生虫学与寄生虫病杂志》2006-2008年文献计量学分析

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摘要

应用文献计量学方法,对《中国寄生虫学与寄生虫病杂志》2006-2008年发表的论文及引用的文献进行统计分析。该刊3年共载文431篇,主要载文类型为论著(31.8%)和实验研究(17.6%)。作者群的分布主要来自高等院校(53.8%)和疾病防治机构(34.1%)。平均基金论文比为71.5%。刊载论文的引文率为96.3%,被引文献的类型主要为期刊,平均普赖斯指数为46.5%。该刊拥有一批较高水平的作者群,刊载论文的内容丰富,引文范围广,是寄生虫病学领域中较为重要的文献来源之一。

关键词 文献计量学;科技期刊;论文分析;引文分析

分类号

Bibliometric Analysis of the *Chinese Journal of Parasitology and Parasitic Diseases* in 2006-2008

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Abstract

The published articles and citation of the *Chinese Journal of Parasitology and Parasitic Diseases* in 2006-2008 were statistically analyzed. Among 431 papers published in the three years, original articles and experimental researches occupied 31.8% and 17.6%, respectively. Authors were mainly from colleges/universities (53.8%) and institutions for disease control (34.1%) . 71.5% of the articles received financial supports from research funds/foundations. Reference citation was mostly from periodicals. The average Price index was 46.5%. This Journal possesses a group of stable and qualified authors, covers substantial content with relatively broad citation, and is an important source of information in parasitological research.

Key words <u>Document metrology</u>; <u>Scientific periodicals</u>; <u>Theses analysis</u>; <u>Citation</u> analysis

DOI:

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