



### 中国输入性美洲锥虫病疫情的快速风险评估

钱颖骏, 李石柱, 王强, 张丽, 柳伟, 陈家旭, 汪俊云, 肖宁, 周晓农\*

中国疾病预防控制中心寄生虫病预防控制所, 卫生部寄生虫病原与媒介生物学重点实验室, 世界卫生组织疟疾、血吸虫病和丝虫病合作中心, 上海200025

### Rapid Risk Assessment on the Import of American Trypanosomiasis to China

QIAN Ying-jun, LI Shi-zhu, WANG Qiang, ZHANG Li, LIU Wei, CHEN Jia-xu, WANG Jun-yun, XIAO Ning, ZHOU Xiao-nong\*

National Institute of Parasitic Diseases, Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention; Key Laboratory of Parasite and Vector Biology, Ministry of Health; WHO Collaborating Centre for malaria, schistosomiasis and filariasis, Shanghai 200025, China

[摘要](#)

[参考文献](#)

[相关文章](#)

Download: [PDF \(233KB\)](#) [HTML 1KB](#) Export: [BibTeX](#) or [EndNote \(RIS\)](#) [Supporting Info](#)

**摘要** 美洲锥虫病也称恰加斯病, 是由原生动克氏锥虫引起的一种人兽共患病, 主要流行于中美洲和南美洲18个国家, 尤以偏远地区多见, 属于世界卫生组织定义的“被忽视的热带病”。本文采用风险快速评估的方法, 分析了美洲锥虫病输入中国的风险, 为卫生部门采取决策提供科学依据。

**关键词:** 美洲锥虫病 输入性疫情 风险评估 风险矩阵

**Abstract:** American trypanosomiasis, as one of the “neglected tropical diseases”, is a zoonosis induced by *Trypanosoma cruzi*. It is endemic in 18 countries in the Central and South America, especially in rural areas. A rapid risk assessment was carried out to analyze the potential threat of imported cases to China, which would provide information to policy makers in health authorities.

**Keywords:** American trypanosomiasis Imported disease Risk assessment Risk matrix

#### Service

- [▶ 把本文推荐给朋友](#)
- [▶ 加入我的书架](#)
- [▶ 加入引用管理器](#)
- [▶ Email Alert](#)
- [▶ RSS](#)

[作者相关文章](#)