综述

ABC-AI调节胆固醇跨细胞膜外向转运的研究进展

袁皓瑜,廖端芳

湖南衡阳南华大学药物药理研究所,湖南 衡阳 421001

收稿日期 2006-7-17 修回日期 2006-10-30 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要

胆固醇跨细胞膜外向转运是胆固醇逆向转运过程(RCT)中具有关键意义的一步,三磷酸腺苷结合盒转运子家族AI(ABCA-I)在该过程中被公认为发挥十分重要的作用且对其研究至今仍然在不断深入。目前,大多数学者认为对其作用机制及与其他参与该过程的物质间相互作用的研究有可能成为防治动脉粥样硬化并促其转归的新突破口。

关键词 <u>三磷酸腺苷结合盒转运子AI</u>; 动脉粥样硬化; 胆固醇; 调节 分类号

Progression of ABC-A I regulating cholesterol transport through plasma membrane

YUAN Hao-yu, LIAO Duan-fang

Institute of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, Nanhua University, Hengyang Hunan 421001, China

Abstract

The cholesterol translocateing through the plama member is an important step in the reverse cholesterol efflux (RCT). It is generally accepted that ATP-binding cassette transports-A I (ABC-A I) plays a very important role in this process. Nowadays most scholars believe that more deeply studies of effecting mechanisms of ABC-AI and its interaction between the others elements in that process will probably become new breakthrough of atherosclerosis theory and promote its turnover. The recent review describes a series of achievements about the progression of ABC-AI regulating cholesterol transport through plasma membrane.

Key words ABC-A I atherosclerosis cholesterol regulation

DOI:

页

通讯作者

作者个人主

袁皓瑜;廖端芳

扩展功能 本文信息 ▶ Supporting info ▶ PDF(986KB) ▶ [HTML全文](OKB) ▶参考文献[PDF] ▶参考文献 服务与反馈 ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友 ▶加入我的书架 ▶加入引用管理器 ▶ 复制索引 ► Email Alert ▶ 文章反馈 ▶ 浏览反馈信息 相关信息 ▶ 本刊中 包含"三磷酸腺苷结合盒转 运子AI: 动脉粥样硬化: 胆固醇: 调节"的 相关文章 ▶本文作者相关文章 • 袁皓瑜 • 廖端芳