

中国肿瘤生物治疗杂志

CHINESE J 0 |



首页 期刊概况 编委会 期刊内容 特邀审稿 投稿指南 出版发行

52~55. 曲古抑菌素A通过上调KLF4表达诱导人子宫内膜癌Ishikawa细胞凋亡[J]. 赵智凝, 周强, 白久旭, 闫博, 秦炜炜, 王涛, 贾林涛, 杨安钢. 中国肿瘤生物治疗杂志, 2012, (1)

曲古抑菌素A通过上调KLF4表达诱导人子宫内膜癌Ishikawa细胞凋亡 点此下载全文

赵智凝 周强 白久旭 闫博 秦炜炜 王涛 贾林涛 杨安钢

第四军医大学 基础医学部 免疫学教研室,肿瘤生物学国家重点实验室,陕西 西安 710032;解放军第451医院 临床实验室,陕西 西安 710054;第四军医大学 口腔医院 综合急诊科,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 免疫学教研室,肿瘤生物学国家重点实验室,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 生物化学与分子生物学教研室,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 生物化学与分子生物学教研室,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 免疫学教研室,肿瘤生物学国家重点实验室,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 生物化学与分子生物学教研室,陕西 西安 710032;第四军医大学 基础医学部 免疫学教研室,肿瘤生物学国家重点实验室,陕西 西安 710032

基金项目: 国家重点基础研究发展计划 (973计划) 资助项目 (No. 2010CB529905)

DOI:

摘要:

目的: 观察组蛋白乙酰基转移酶(histone deacetylase,HDAC)抑制剂曲古抑菌素A(trichostatin A,TSA)对子宫内膜癌Ishikawa细胞凋亡的影响,并研究其与Krupell样因子4(Krupell-like factor 4,KLF4)的关系。 方法: 0、50、100、200、300、500 ng/ml TSA作用于Ishikawa细胞24 h,或100 ng/ml TSA作用于Ishikawa细胞0、4、8、12、24、48 h,流式细胞术检测Ishikawa细胞调亡情况,qRT-PCR检测Ishikawa细胞中KLF4 mRNA的表达情况;将KLF4真核表达载体pcDNA3-KLF4转染Ishikawa细胞,流式细胞术检测Ishikawa细胞凋亡情况。 结果: 100 ng/ml TSA作用于Ishikawa细胞 24 h后,Ishikawa细胞的凋亡率显著高于对照组\[(30.6±4.5)%vs(7.53±0.93)%,P<0.05\];不同质量浓度TSA处理Ishikawa细胞24 h后或100 ng/ml TSA作用Ishikawa细胞不同时间后,KLF4 mRNA表达水平以剂量依赖和时间依赖方式明显增高(P<0.05);pcDNA3-KLF4转染后Ishikawa细胞谓亡率显著增加\[(27.3±2.7)%vs(4.53±1.75)%,P<0.05\]。 结论: TSA能通过诱导子宫内膜癌Ishikawa细胞中KLF4的表达,促进Ishikawa细胞发生凋亡。

关键词: 曲古抑菌素A 子宫内膜癌 Ishikawa细胞 Krupell样因子4 凋亡

Trichostatin A induces apoptosis of endometrial cancer I shikawa cells by up- regulating expression of Krupell-like factor 4 <u>Download Fulltext</u>

ZHAO Zhi-ning ZHOU Qiang BAI Jiu-xu YAN Bo QIN Wei-wei WANG Tao JIA Lin-tao YANG An-gang

State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; Clinical Laboratory, No. 451 Hospital of Chinese PLA; Xi'an 710054, Shaanxi, China; Department of General Dentistry and Emergency, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi'an 710032, Shaanxi, China; State Key Laboratory of Cancer Biology, Department of Immunology, Department of Basic Medical, Fourth Military Medical University, Xi

Fund Project: Project supported by the National Major Basic Research Program (973 Program) of China (No. 2010 CB 529905)

Abstract:

Objective: To observe the effect of Trichostatin A (TSA) on the apoptosis of endometrial cancer Ishikawa cells and to study its relationship with Krupell-like-factor 4 (KLF4) in this course. Methods: Ishikawa cells were cultured with different concentrations of TSA 0, 50, 100, 200, 300, 500 ng/ml for 24 h or 100 ng/ml TSA for 0, 4, 8, 12, 24 and 48 h. FACS and qRT-PCR were used to detect apoptosis and KLF4 mRNA level, respectively. Results: The apoptosis rate was increased compared to the control in the Ishikawa cells treated with 100 ng/ml TSA for 24 h ($\[130.6 \pm 4 \] 5\]$ %vs $\[15.5 \pm 0.93\]$ %, P<0.05). The mRNA levels of KLF4 were up-regulated after Ishikawa cells were stimulated with different concentrations of TSA for 24 h or with 100 ng/ml TSA for 4, 8, 12, 24, 48 h (P<0.05). Those effects were in a dose-dependent or time-dependent manner. The apoptosis rate was increased compared to the control in the Ishikawa cells over-expressed KLF4 ($\[127.3 \pm 2 \]$ % vs $\[15.5 \pm 1.75\]$ %, P<0.05). Conclusion: TSA induces apoptosis of Ishikawa cells by up-regulating the expression of KLF4.

Keywords: trichostatin A endometrial cancer Ishikawa cell Krupell-like factor 4 apoptosis

查看全文 查看/发表评论 下载PDF阅读器