综述

## 磷酸化蛋白质组学方法在信号网络解析中的应用

段朝军, 陈主初

中南大学湘雅医院卫生部肿瘤蛋白质组学重点实验室,长沙 410008

收稿日期 2008-8-22 修回日期 2008-10-8 网络版发布日期 接受日期

瘤更

信号转导是细胞对各种外界刺激的应答反应,蛋白磷酸化或去磷酸化是信号从胞外流向胞内并导致细胞效应过程中的关键机制。磷酸化蛋白质组学(phosphoproteomics)是采用蛋白质组学的分析方法,研究细胞中所有磷酸化蛋白质及其修饰过程,从整体上观察细胞中被修饰的磷酸化蛋白质的状态及其变化,进而分析特定磷酸化修饰对生命过程的调控作用及其分子机制。

关键词 磷酸化蛋白质组学;信号转导;网络

分类号

## Phosphoproteomic and its application in cellular signaling network analysis

## notwork analysis

DUAN Chao-jun, CHEN Zhu-chu

Key Laboratory of Cancer Proteomics, Ministry of Health of China, Xiangya Hospital, Central South University,

Changsha 410008, China

Abstract

Signal transduction is cellular responses for the outside various stimulaters. Reversible phosphorylation of protein is a key mechanism for the extracellular signal flowing to intracellular and leading to cell biological processes. The identification of various stimulating phosphoproteins and the characterization of their phosphorylation sites have become the hotspot. Phosphoproteomics is using proteomics approach to analyze global phosphorylation proteins in the cell and their modified course, to observe the state and the changes of the phosphorylation modified protein as a whole, and further analysis of the specific phosphorylated modification of the protein on the regulation of the vital processes and its molecular mechanism.

Key words phosphoproteomic signal transduction network

DOI:

## 扩展功能 本文信息 Supporting info ► PDF(1015KB) ▶ [HTML全文](OKB) ▶参考文献[PDF] ▶参考文献 服务与反馈 ▶ 把本文推荐给朋友 ▶加入我的书架 ▶加入引用管理器 ▶ 复制索引 ► Email Alert ▶ 文章反馈 ▶浏览反馈信息 相关信息 ▶ 本刊中 包含"磷酸化蛋白质组学; 信号转导; 网络"的 相关文章 ▶本文作者相关文章 • 段朝军

陈主初

通讯作者 段朝军 <u>duancjxy@126.com</u>

作者个人主 页

段朝军; 陈主初