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S100A4上调表达对HBL-100和MCF-7细胞增殖

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Title: Effects of S100A4 up-regulation on cell proliferation and invasion of HBL-100 and MCF-7 cell lines

作者: 黎玉叶; 孙双双; 邹正渝; 叶立伟; 段亮; 武睿; 陈娴; 杨霞; 罗进勇; 周兰
重庆医科大学医学检验系临床检验诊断学教育部重点实验室

Author(s): Li Yuye; Sun Shuangshuang; Zou Zhengyu; Ye Liwei; Duan Liang; Wu Rui; Chen Xian; Yang Xia; Luo Jinyong; Zhou Lan
Key Laboratory of Laboratory Medical Diagnostics of Ministry of Education, College of Medical Laboratory, Chongqing Medical University, Chongqing, 400016, China

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摘要: 目的 探讨S100A4对人乳腺上皮细胞HBL-100和人乳腺癌细胞MCF-7的增殖、迁移、侵袭和凋亡以及对这两种细胞中的Wnt/B-catenin及Wnt/JNK信号途径的影响。 方法 用表达S100A4的重组腺病毒(AdS100A4)感染细胞,采用MTT、划痕愈合实验、Transwell侵袭实验和Hoechst染色分别检测细胞增殖、迁移、侵袭和凋亡活性的变化;同时通过PCR和Western blot检测S100A4对两种细胞中Wnt/B-catenin及Wnt/JNK信号途径的影响。 结果 (1) HBL-100和MCF-7细胞在第4天的增殖分别增加53.3%和59.1% ($P<0.05$); 24 h的划痕愈合率分别增加73.6%和64.8% ($P<0.05$); S100A4对HBL-100的穿膜细胞数无明显影响 ($P>0.05$), 但使MCF-7的穿膜细胞数增加1倍 ($P<0.05$);

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HBL-100 和MCF-7细胞在48 h的凋亡率分别减少约30%和36% ($P<0.05$) ; (2) 感染AdS100A4后的HBL-100和MCF-7细胞中 β -catenin较GFP组分别增加49%和55% ($P<0.05$) ; 尽管两种细胞中t-GSK3 β 无显著改变, 但是其p-GSK3 β 却较GFP组分别增加73%和55% ($P<0.05$) , c-Myc的表达量分别增加38%和30% ($P<0.05$) ; (3) S100A4对HBL-100中的t-JNK、p-JNK和c-Fos 的mRNA以及MCF-7细胞的t-JNK的水平均无影响, 但是, 却致MCF-7中的p-JNK增加39% ($P<0.05$) , c-Fos的mRNA增加32.3% ($P<0.05$) 。 结论 S100A4可促进HBL-100和MCF-7细胞的增殖、迁移, 并抑制这两种细胞的凋亡; 增强MCF-7细胞的侵袭能力。S100A4可增强HBL-100和MCF-7细胞中的Wnt/ β -catenin信号途径活性以及MCF-7细胞中的Wnt/JNK信号途径活性。

Abstract: **Objective** To investigate the effects of S100A4 on the proliferation, migration, invasion and apoptosis of HBL-100 and MCF-7 cell lines, and to explore the effects of S100A4 on Wnt/ β -catenin signaling pathway and Wnt/JNK signaling pathway in the two cell lines. **Methods** The recombinant retrovirus that carries human S100A4 gene (AdS100A4) was used to infect HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells, and the retrovirus carrying GFP (AdGFP) was used as control. The effects of S100A4 on the proliferation, migration, invasion and apoptosis of HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells were detected by MTT assay, wound healing assay, Transwell invasion assay and Hoechst staining, respectively. The effects of S100A4 on the activities of Wnt/ β -catenin signaling pathway and Wnt/JNK signaling pathway were detected by PCR and Western blotting. **Results** (1) The activities of cell proliferation were increased by 53.3% and 59.1% at 4 d after infection for HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells, respectively ($P<0.05$), and the wound healing rates were increased by 73.6% and 64.8%, respectively at 24 h after infection ($P<0.05$). Compared with the AdGFP group, the number of transmembrane HBL-100 cells had no significant difference ($P>0.05$), but the number of transmembrane MCF-7 cells was doubled ($P<0.05$). The apoptotic rates of HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells at 48 h after infection were decreased by about 30% and 36%, respectively ($P<0.05$). (2) Compared with the AdGFP group, the β -catenin level in HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells was increased by 49% and 55%, respectively ($P<0.05$), the c-Myc level increased by 38% and 30%, respectively ($P<0.05$), and the p-GSK3 β level were increased by 73% and 55%, respectively ($P<0.05$), with no significant change of t-GSK3 β level. (3) The mRNA levels of t-JNK, p-JNK and c-Fos in HBL-100 cells as well as the mRNA level of t-JNK in MCF-7 cells did not change after infection ($P>0.05$), but the mRNA levels of p-JNK and c-Fos were increased by 39% and 32.3% in HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells, respectively ($P<0.05$). **Conclusion** (1) S100A4 can promote cell proliferation and migration, and inhibit apoptosis in

HBL-100 and MCF-7 cell lines. (2) S100A4 can promote invasion of MCF-7 cell lines. (3) S100A4 can enhance the activities of Wnt/ β -catenin signaling pathway in HBL-100 and MCF-7 cells as well as the activity of Wnt/JNK signaling pathway in MCF-7 cells.
