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 A^+ A^-

分享

The integration of ACS2-generated ACC with GH3-mediated IAA homeostasis in NaCl-stressed primary root elongation of *Arabidopsis* seedlings

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标题	The integration of ACS2-generated ACC with GH3-mediated IAA homeostasis in NaCl-stressed primary root elongation of Arabidopsis seedlings
来源期刊	Plant Growth Regulation
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关键词	ACS2; ACC; IAAconjugation; NaCl; Rootgrowth;
摘要	Plant root growth is controlled by auxin (IAA) and ethylene. The appropriate IAA concentration is regulated by many events, such as IAA biosynthesis, conjugation, and degradation. The levels of ethylene and its precursor 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid (ACC) depend on the activity of ACC synthases (ACSs). However, some questions have been raised: can ACS family members specifically regulate the ACC concentration in response to NaCl stress, and if so, how? How does ACC production affect IAA homeostasis during the root growth of Arabidopsis seedlings? Here, our observations showed that NaCl inhibition of root growth was greater in the ACS2-deficient mutants <i>acs2-1</i> and <i>acs2-2</i> because of the reduction of ACC and IAA accumulation in their root tips, while this reduction was rescued in transformants, including <i>acs2</i> complementary (<i>ACS2/acs2-1</i>) and <i>ACS2</i> overexpression (<i>ACS2-OE</i>) lines. The data showed that the decreased IAA levels resulted from increased activity of IAA conjugation enzymes, such as GH3.5 and GH3.9. These results suggest that <i>ACS2</i> activity is an early response factor in the signaling pathway of NaCl-inhibited root growth.
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