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Higher leaf nitrogen content is linked to tighter stomatal regulation of transpiration and more efficient water use across dryland trees

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摘要	<p>The least-cost economic theory of photosynthesis shows that water and nitrogen are mutually substitutable resources to achieve a given carbon gain. However, vegetation in the Sahel has to cope with the dual challenge imposed by drought and nutrient-poor soils.</p> <p>We addressed how variation in leaf nitrogen per area (Narea) modulates leaf oxygen and carbon isotopic composition ($\delta^{18}\text{O}$, $\delta^{13}\text{C}$), as proxies of stomatal conductance and water use efficiency, across 34 Sahelian woody species.</p> <p>Dryland species exhibited diverging leaf $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ and $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ values, indicating large interspecific variation in time-integrated stomatal conductance and water use efficiency. Structural equation modelling revealed that leaf Narea is a pivotal trait linked to multiple water use traits. Leaf Narea was positively linked to both $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ and $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ suggesting higher carboxylation capacity and tighter stomatal regulation of transpiration in N-rich species, which allows them to achieve higher water use efficiency and more conservative water use.</p> <p>These adaptations represent a key physiological advantage of N-rich species, like legumes, that could contribute to their dominance across many dryland regions. This is the first report of a robust mechanistic link between leaf Narea and $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ in dryland vegetation that is consistent with core principles of plant physiology.</p>
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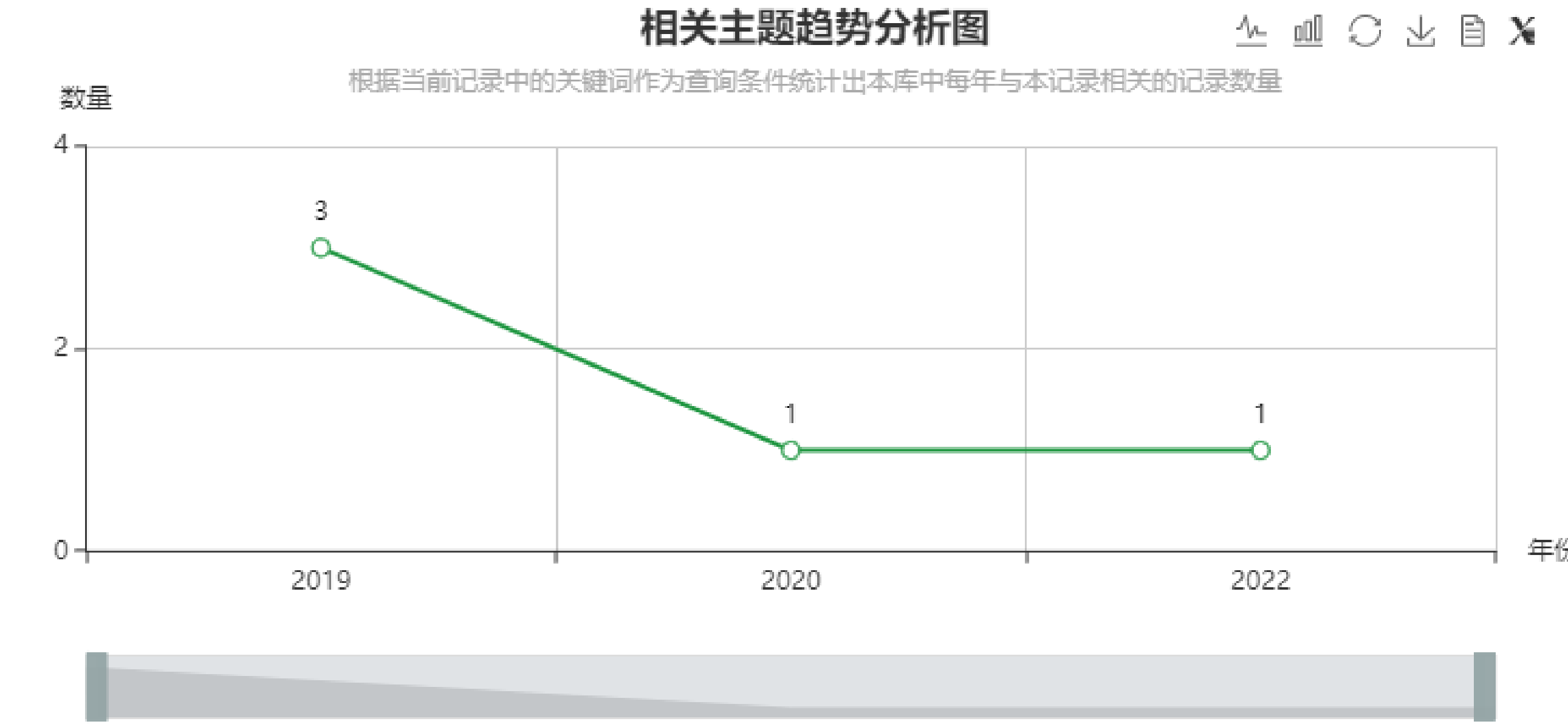
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