

## 长期定位施肥对亚热带丘陵地区红壤旱地质量的影响 I . 酸度

Effect of long-term stationary fertilization on upland red soil quality in subtropical hilly regions  
I . Acidity

中文关键词: [长期定位施肥](#) [红壤](#) [酸度](#) [有机质](#)

Key words: [Long-term stationary fertilization](#) [Red soil](#) [Acidity](#) [Organic matter](#)

基金项目: 中国科学院知识创新项目; 国家自然科学基金项目

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### 中文摘要:

本文研究了中科院红壤生态实验站长期定位施肥试验5种不同施肥处理对土壤pH、土壤交换性氢、铝的影响,及其与土壤有机质之间的相关性。结果表明,长期不同施肥处理均提高了土壤pH值,降低了土壤交换性氢和交换性铝含量,改良了红壤的酸性。施用有机肥(M),有机肥+菌剂(BM),有机肥+菌剂+微量元素(BMT)显著优于施用化肥(F)和化肥+微量元素(TF)的处理。添加微量元素和有效菌剂后土壤交换性氢、铝含量略有提高。土壤有机质与土壤pH呈显著正相关,与交换性铝含量呈显著负相关,而与土壤交换性氢含量的相关性不显著。随着土壤有机质含量的增加,土壤交换性氢占总交换性酸度比例越大。长期施用有机肥、提高土壤有机质含量是改良红壤酸度和减轻铝毒较好的农艺措施。

### 英文摘要:

A long-term stationary field experiment consisting of 5 fertilization treatments was carried out in the Red Soil Ecological Experiment Station of CAS to study effects of fertilization on pH and exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup> in soil and analyze relationships of organic matter (OM) content with soil pH, and contents of exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup>. Results show that fertilization in all treatments increased soil pH and decreased contents of exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup>. Treatment M (organic manure), Treatment BM (organic manure + microbial agent) and Treatment BMT (organic manure + microbial agent + microelement fertilizer) were significantly superior to Treatment F (chemical fertilizer) and Treatment TF (chemical fertilizer + microelement fertilizer) in reducing soil acidity. Addition of microelements and microbial agent increased the contents of exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> and Al<sup>3+</sup> slightly. Soil OM content was significantly correlated positively with soil pH value, and negatively with exchangeable Al<sup>3+</sup> content, but not significantly related with exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> content. With rising soil OM content, the proportion of exchangeable H<sup>+</sup> increased in exchangeable acidity of soil. Long-term application of organic manure to increase soil OM content is a good agronomic practice to reduce acidity and aluminum toxicity in red soil.

王小兵, 骆永明, 刘五星, 李振高, 何园球. 长期定位施肥对亚热带丘陵地区红壤旱地质量的影响 I . 酸度[J]. 土壤学报, 2011, 48(1): 98~102

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