

研究论文

云南昭通产苦丁茶的配糖体成分

贺震旦 刘玉青 杨崇仁

中国科学院昆明植物研究所植物化学开放研究实验室

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 2003-8-12 9:25:00 接受日期

摘要 苦丁茶是我国南方各民族常饮用的一类茶。云南昭通地区的苦丁茶以木樨科植物紫茎女贞 (*Ligustrum purpurascens* Y. C. Yang) 为原料。从该植物的叶中分离到2个新的苯丙素类配糖体成分, 命名为紫茎女贞甙 (ligupurpuroside) A和B, 同时还分离到阿克甙、桂花叶甙B的顺反异构体混合物、以及2-(3, 4-羟基苯)乙基(3-O- α -L-鼠李吡喃糖基)(4-O-对香豆酰基)-O- β -D-葡萄吡喃糖甙的顺反异构体混合物。同时还分离到3个已知黄酮甙: 木樨草素-7-葡萄糖甙, 大波斯菊甙和野漆树甙。

关键词 [木樨科](#) [紫茎女贞](#) [苯丙素类配糖体](#) [紫茎女贞甙](#)

分类号

GLYCOSIDES FROM LIGUSTRUM PURPURASCENS

HE Zheng-Dan, LIU Yu-Qing, YANG Chong-Ren

Laboratory of Phytochemistry, Kunming Institute of Botany, The Chinese Academy of Science, Kunming 650204

Abstract

Ku-Ding-Cha as a famous traditional drinking tea was used in the south China for a long time. There are a lot of plants which belong to different families and genera were used as its original materials. From the leaves of *Ligustrum purpurascens* Y. C. Yang (Oleaceae), a kind of the materials of Ku-Ding-Cha in Yunnan Province, two new phenylpropanoid glycosides, ligupurpuroside A and B were isolated, together with the Z / E isomer mixture of 2- (3, 4-hydroxyphenyl) ethyl (3- O- α - L-rhamnopyranosyl) (4- O- coumaroyD-0- β -D-glucopyranoside, the mixture of osmanthuside B and its cis isomer, as well as acteoside and three known flavonoid glycosides, luteolin -7-glucoside, cosmosin and rhoifolin. On the basis of spectroscopic evidence, the structures of the new glycosides were established as 2-(3,4-dihydroxyphenyl) ethyl- [3- O- α - L-rhamno-pyranosyl] (1 → 4)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl] [4- O- E-caffeoyl] -O- β -D-glucopyranoside and 2- β -hydroxyphenyl) ethyl [3- O- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl(1 → 4)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl] C 4- O- E-pcouOTaroyl] -O- β -D-glucopyranoside, respectively.

Key words [Oleaceaei Ligustrum purpurascens](#) [Phenylpropanoid glycosides](#) [Ligupurpuroside A B](#)

DOI:

通讯作者

扩展功能

本文信息

- [Supporting info](#)
- [PDF\(508KB\)](#)
- [\[HTML全文\]\(0KB\)](#)

参考文献

服务与反馈

- [把本文推荐给朋友](#)
- [加入我的书架](#)
- [加入引用管理器](#)
- [复制索引](#)
- [Email Alert](#)
- [文章反馈](#)
- [浏览反馈信息](#)

相关信息

- [本刊中包含“木樨科”的相关文章](#)
- [本文作者相关文章](#)
- [贺震旦 刘玉青 杨崇仁](#)