

亚硫酸氢钠对白菜叶片硝酸盐还原及光合能力的影响

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Effects of Sodium Bisulfite on Nitrate Reduction and Photosynthetic Capacity in the Leaves of Non-heading Chinese Cabbage

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摘要 对日光温室栽培的五叶一心白菜分别叶面喷施2、5、10和15 mmol · L⁻¹ 亚硫酸氢钠 (NaHSO₃), 以喷施清水为对照, 分别在处理后0、4、8、12和16 d 测定植株生物量、叶片的硝酸盐含量 (NO₃⁻) 和硝酸还原酶 (Nitrate reductase, NR) 活性, 同时测定叶片的光合参数和叶绿素荧光参数。结果表明, 10 mmol · L⁻¹ NaHSO₃ 处理后12 d 时的效应最为显著, 与对照相比, 叶片NO₃⁻含量降低44.85%, NR 活性提高51.26%, 且株高和地上部干质量均明显增加; 同时显著提高其净光合速率 (P_n)、羧化效率 (CE)、最大羧化速率 (V_{cmax})、PS II 的原初量子效率 (Q) 和最大电子传递速率 (ETR_{max})。由此说明, 对白菜叶面喷施 NaHSO₃, 一方面能够在一定程度上提高NR 活性, 拉动氮素的还原同化, 降低NO₃⁻的累积; 另一方面能够通过提高PS II 电子传递能力和羧化反应速率, 促进光合碳同化效率, 可在碳骨架和能量供应上拉动氮代谢的还原同化。

关键词: 白菜 NaHSO₃ 硝酸盐还原 光合能力 氮硫代谢

Abstract: The effects of sodium bisulfite (NaHSO₃) on nitrate reduction and photosynthetic capacity were studied in the leaves of non-heading Chinese cabbage. It had been investigated the impact of 0 (control), 2 (S2), 5 (S5), 10 (S10) and 15 (S15) mmol · L⁻¹ NaHSO₃ concentrations on plant biomass, nitrate content, nitrate reductive (NR) activity and photosynthetic capacity after spraying for 0, 4, 8, 12, 16 d in the 5 leaves stage of non-heading Chinese cabbage seedling. With the application of different NaHSO₃ concentrations, the significant concentration effect and time effect were observed on

plant biomass, NO₃⁻ content and NR activity in the leaves. However, the most significant effect was presented for the 12th day of S10 treatment comparing with control, in which not only did the NO₃⁻ content decrease by 44.85% and NR activity increase by 51.26%, but also the plant height and shoot dry weight distinctly increase. Moreover, the NaHSO₃ dramatically increased net photosynthetic rate (P_n), carboxylation efficiency (CE), maximal carboxylation rate (V_{cmax}), primary quantum efficiency of PS II (Q) and maximal electron transport rate (ETR_{max}) in leaves. Thereby, the NaHSO₃ stimulated NR activity firstly, then drove assimilation of nitrate, and reduced nitrate accumulation finally; On the other hand, the positive action of NaHSO₃ for anabolic metabolism of nitrogen was triggered by more production of carbon skeleton and energy supply mainly due to promotion of photosynthetic carbon assimilation efficiency, which improved by the increase of PS II electronic transmission ability and carboxylation reaction rate.

Keywords:

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