## 研究论文

杂交中稻粒肥高效施用量与齐穗期SPAD值关系研究 徐富贤, 熊 洪, 朱永川, 张 林, 万先齐, 刘 茂, 王贵雄 四川省农业科学院水稻高粱研究所,四川泸州646000

收稿日期 2006-3-14 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期 2006-7-29

以杂交中稻组合Ⅱ优602为材料,通过不同基、蘖肥施氮量以塑造施粒肥当时植株营养状况的差异,在此 基础上,分别设粒肥施用量处理,探明了粒肥高效施用量与齐穗期库源结构关系。粒肥施用效果与稻齐穗期植株 营养水平关系密切,齐穗期剑叶SPAD值、叶片含氮量和群体单位面积的总颖花量3个因子决定粒肥高效施用量。 建立了根据齐穗期剑叶SPAD值(x)预测粒肥的高效施氮量(y,kg hm<sup>-2</sup>)的回归方程,y =-30.7980x + 1340.9,*R*<sup>2</sup> = 0.9114, 并指出当齐穗期剑叶的SPAD值高于43.5时, 植株营养充足, 不需施粒肥, 此为临界的苗情诊断指标。 杂交中稻 粒肥 高效施用量 SPAD值 关键词 分类号

## Relationship between the Efficient Amount of Nitrogen Application for Grai n Filling and the SPAD Value at Full Panicle Stage in Mid-Season Hybrid Ri ce

XU Fu-Xian, XIONG Hong,ZH U Yong-Chuan, ZHANG Lin,WAN Xian-Qi, LIU Mao,WANG Gui-Xiong ▶浏览反馈信息

Rice and Sorghum Institute, Sichuan Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Luzhou 646000 Sichuan, China ▶ 本刊中 包含"杂交中稻"的 相关

Abstract Many studies on the sensibility of grain filling to nitrogen application at full panicle stage in rice have been condu cted, with a lot of differences in results. Perhaps, it is related to different nutrition levels of nitrogen in plant at full panicle s tage, on which there have been few studies. In this paper, the relationship between the efficient amount of nitrogen applicat ion for grain filling (NAGF) and the source-sink structure at full panicle stage was investigated with " | -you 602", a com bination of mid-season hybrid rice under different amounts of nitrogen application in basic fertilizer, tillering fertilizer, and NAGF, expecting to establish a theoretical basis for efficient nitrogen application in high yield rice cultivation. There was hi ghly significant correlation between the effect of yield increase by NAGF and nutrition level of plant. The efficient amount of NAGF depended on SPAD values of the first leaf from top, leaf nitrogen content, and total No. of spikelets per m2 at fu ll panicle stage. There were highly significant negative correlations between the efficient amount(y, kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) of NAGF and S PAD values (x) of the first leaf from top at full panicle stage, y = -30.7980x + 1340.9 and  $R^2 = 0.9114$ . When the SPAD values (x) of the first leaf from top at full panicle stage, y = -30.7980x + 1340.9 and  $R^2 = 0.9114$ . alue of the first leaf from top at full panicle stage was over 43.5, as a critical diagnosing index in rice production, NAGF was not necessary.

**Key words** Mid-season hybrid rice Nitrogen application for grain filling Efficient applying amount SPAD value

DOI:

## 扩展功能

本文信息

- Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(474KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ▶ Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈

相关信息

▶本文作者相关文章

- 徐富贤
  - 熊洪
- 朱永川
- 张 林
- 万先齐
- 刘茂
  - 王贵雄