生物技术.植物遗传育种

栽培密度对直立株型杂交稻的分蘖、叶面积指数及产量的影响*

康平德 1 , 卢义宣 $^{2^{**}}$, 李本逊 1 , 郭永梅 2 , 奎丽梅 2 , 李华慧 2 , 赵国栋 1

(1.云南农业大学农学与生物技术学院,云南 昆明 650201;

2.云南省农业科学院粮食作物研究所, 云南 昆明 650205)

收稿日期 2005-12-12 修回日期

摘要 在不同栽培密度条件下,对3个直立株型杂交稻组合的分蘖力、叶面积指数及产量性状进行了研究。结果表明:随着栽培密度的降低,各个组合的分蘖力提高,叶面积指数在生育前中期降低;在合理的栽培密度下,产量及其构成因素差异不显著;不同密度下3个组合的理论产量与穗实粒数呈显著正相关;3个组合均以16.5cm×26.4cm,13.3cm×26.4cm两个密度栽培较好。

7.人,<u>5.611.61</u>

Effect of Plant Density on Tiller Capability and Leaf Area Index and Yield of Erect Hybrid Rice

KANG Ping-de¹, LU Yi-xuan², LI Ben-xun¹, GUO Yong-mei², KUI Li-mei², LI Hua-hui², ZHAO Guo-dong¹

- (1. College of Agronomy and Biotechnology, Yunnan Agricultural University, Kunming 650201, China;
- 2. Food Crops Research, Yunnan Academy of Agricultural Sciences, Kunming 650205, China)

Abstract

Tiller capability,leaf area index, yield and yield characters of three erect hybrid varieties were studied. The results indicated that with the decrease of plant density, the numbers of tillers increased, and leaf area index of three erect hybrid rice declined in prophase and metaphase. Significant differences were not found in theoretical yield and yield characters under reasonable density. Positive significant correlations were found between theoretic yield and filled spikelets, seed setting rate. Appropriate plant density of three erect hybrid varieties is $13.3 \text{cm} \times 26.4 \text{cm}$ or $13.3 \text{cm} \times 26.4 \text{cm}$.

Key words plant density hybrid rice of erect plant type tiller capability leaf area index yield

DOI:

扩展功能

本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(461KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- Email Alert
- ▶ 文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

相关信息

▶ <u>本刊中 包含"栽培密度"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- 康平德
- 卢义宣
- · 李本逊
- 郭永梅
- · 奎丽梅
- 李华慧
- 赵国栋