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几个小麦亲本主要农艺性状的配合力评价及遗传力分析

Combining Ability and Heritability Analysis of Main Agronomic Traits in Wheat

DOI.

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中文摘要:

为了解小麦品种(系)主要性状的配合力,为杂交育种选择优良亲本和最优杂交组合提供依据,选用西农979、郑366、西农9871、周麦18等表现优良的小麦品种(系)为材料,采用Griffing不完全双列杂交法,配制了35个杂交组合,对小麦亲本及杂种 F_1 的旗叶面积、穗粒数、千粒重、穗下节长、穗颈长5个性状进行了田间考察,并在基因型方差分析显著的基础上进行了配合力方差分析、配合力效应的估计及遗传力分析。结果表明,周麦18和许农5号是综合性状优良的亲本,其多数性状的一般配合力均较大。陕麦94和周麦18千粒重的一般配合力比较突出,是提高千粒重的理想亲本。结合特殊配合力效应值分析,组合(郑366×郑9694)、(西农9871×周麦18)、[02(6)9 5 $10 \times$ 02(6)9 5 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[02(6)9 5 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[02(6)9 5 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[04(6)9 5 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[05 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[05 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[05 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[06 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[07 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号)、[08 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号),[08 $10 \times$ 0366×许农5号),[08 1

英文摘要:

In order to study the combining ability of newly selected varieties in main characters, and select excellent parents and combinations for breeding, Xinong 979, Zheng 366, Xinong 9871 and Zhoumai 18 etc. which are excellent and newly selected wheat varieties were selected. The experiment adopted Griffing incomplete diallel crossing design, compounded 35 cross combinations. Five wheat traits of flag leaf area, kernel per spike, thousand kernel weight, length of uppermost internode under the section and neck length of spike were investigated. Combining ability variance analysis, combining ability effect evaluation and heritability analysis were conducted on these traits on the basis of the remarkable genotype variance analysis. The results indicated that Zhoumai 18 and Xunong 5 were both parents with excellent comprehensive characters, whose GCA was comparatively large in most characters. The GCA of Shaanmai 94 and Zhoumai 18's 1000 grain weight was remarkably high, which were ideal parents for improving grain weight. SCA analysis showed that (Zheng 366 × Zheng 9694), (Xinong 9871 × Zhoumai 18), $\begin{bmatrix} 02 & (6) & 9 & 5 & 10 \times 04 & Zhong 361 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 02 & (6) & 9 & 5 & 10 \times Jun 99 & 71 \end{bmatrix}$, (Zheng 366 × Xunong 5), $\begin{bmatrix} 02 & (6) & 9 & 5 & 10 \times Zheng 9694 \end{bmatrix}$, could be utilized as key cross of high yield breeding, and emphasis should be given to these combinations during wheat breeding. The heritability analysis indicated: the broad sense heritability of 4 traits of flag leaf area, length of uppermost internode, neck length of spike, thousand kernel weight was comparatively large, while narrow sense heritability was smaller, beneath 50%, it showed that additive genetic effect was small, dominant effect and epistatic effect were comparatively large, so it was better to delay selective generations appropriately $(F_5 \sim F_6)$.

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