

柚木优良无性系根系养分吸收动力学研究

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Kinetics of nutrient uptake by root system of teak superior clones

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摘要 以4个柚木优良无性系1年生苗木为试材, 采用营养液培养和离子消耗曲线模拟方法, 测定了根系的Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、K⁺、NO₃⁻吸收动力学参数。结果表明, 以根系总吸收面积和总干重计算的Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、K⁺、NO₃⁻最大吸收速率相接近。在Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、K⁺、NO₃⁻最大吸收速率(V_{max})及离子流入速率(α值)指标上, 不同基因型之间差异较大, 而在养分离子吸收亲和力(K_m)指标上, 则没有明显差异。缅甸种源无性系VI-23根系对Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、NO₃⁻的V_{max}及α值均为最大, 而印度种源无性系70-12根系则对K⁺的V_{max}及α值为最大, 表明缅甸种源无性系VI-23为Ca、Mg和NO₃⁻硝态氮高效吸收基因型, 印度种源无性系70-12为钾高效吸收基因型。

关键词: 柚木 无性系 根系 养分吸收 动力学参数

Abstract: A hydroponic experiment was carried out to measure the uptake kinetics of Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、K⁺ and NO₃⁻ of one year old seedlings of four teak superior clones. The results show that there are no many gaps between maximum uptake velocities of the four ions (V_{max}) calculated either by total absorbing area or by total dry mass of root system of the four teak clones. There are significant differences in V_{max} and net influx rates of the nutrients into roots (α value) of the four teak clones, while there are little differences in values of K_m of Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺、K⁺ and NO₃⁻ uptake. The teak clone VI-23 from Burma has the maximum of V_{max} and α value for Ca²⁺、Mg²⁺ and NO₃⁻ uptake, while the 70-12 from India has the maximum of V_{max} and α value for K⁺ uptake, which indicates that the clone VI-23 is the special genotype with efficient uptake of Ca, Mg and NO₃⁻, and the clone 70-12 for efficient uptake of K nutrition.

Keywords: *Tectona grandis* clone root system nutrient uptake kinetic parameters

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