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青藏高原东缘兰科藏药植物资源调查

巩红冬,谢德芳,马海财

摘要:

通过实地调查与文献研究相结合的方法对青藏高原东缘兰科藏药植物资源进行了调查,结果表明: 兰科藏药植物共有 10属11种,分别占兰科植物总属数和总种数的25.64%和13.10%。可归属为5个分布型,其中北温带分布型占绝 对优势,占本区总属数的60%,说明青藏高原东缘兰科藏药植物区系为温带性质。

关键词: 兰科; 藏药植物; 植物区系; 青藏高原东缘

Traditional Tibetan medicine plant resources of Orchidaceae family in the Eastern Qinghai Tibet Plateau

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Abstract:

The traditional Tibetan medicine plant resources of Orchidaceae family in the Eastern Qinghai Tibet Plateau were investigated and the result showed that there were 11 species belonged to 10 genera. These 11 species could be grouped into 5 distribution types. In which, the type of the North Temperate Zone distribution was the dominant (60%) and this suggested that the flora in the Eastern Qinghai Tibet Plateau was temperate.

Keywords: Orchidaceae traditional Tibetan medicine plant flora Eastern Qinghai Tibet Plateau

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