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OPEN CACCESS Effects of different priming treatments and priming durations on						AS Subscription	
germination percentage of parsley (Petroselinum crispum L.) seeds					Most popular papers in AS		
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Author(s)Atilla Dursun, Melek EkinciABSTRACTThe effects of different priming treatments and priming durations on germination percentage at different temperatures in parsley seeds were studied. The seeds were treated for 2, 4, 6 and 8 days with the PEG 6000 (- 0.5 MPa, - 1.0 MPa and - 1.5 MPa), KNO3 (0.30 mol/L and 0.35 mol/L), Mannitol (0.50 mol/L and 0.60 mol/L) and hydropriming (12h, 24h, 36h and 48h) and unprimed (control). Germination studies were 					Frequently Asked Questions		
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affected by priming treatments. Hydropriming (12h, 24h and 36 h) and mannitol 0.60 mol/L at 2 day generally had the highest germination percentages. In general, the highest germination percentage with priming use determined at 10° C. It may be acid that each priming treatments increased each germination				Downloads:	138,439		
 prinning was determined at 10°°C. If may be said that seed prinning treatments increased seed germination percentage at both low and high temperatures. The highest germination percentages were observed in both hydropriming and mannitol treatments as compared with PEG and KNO3 treatments. The PEG and KNO3 (2 and 4 days) treatments were better than unprimed treatment in all of the temperatures. KEYWORDS Parsley; Germination Percentage; Seed Priming; PEG; KNO3; Hydropriming Cite this paper Dursun, A. and Ekinci, M. (2010) Effects of different priming treatments and priming durations on germination percentage of parsley (Petroselinum crispum L.) seeds. <i>Agricultural Sciences</i>, 1, 17-23. doi: 10.4236/as.2010.11003. 					Visits:	297,978	
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